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UNITED STATES MAILS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.
WASHINGTON, DECEMBER 10, 1859.

PROPOSALS will be received at the Contract Office of this Department until 3 p. m., of Saturday, March 31, 1860, for conveying the mails of the United States for four years, commencing July 1, 1860, and ending, June 30, 1864, in the State of PENNSYLVANIA, on the routes and by the schedules of departures and arrivals herein specified.

Decisions announced by April 24, 1860.

(Bidders will examine carefully the instructions annexed.)

2552 From Bedford, by Schellsburg, Mount Worth, Buckstown, Stovestown, Jenner's Cross Roads, Laughlinstown, Ligonier, and Youngstown, to Latrobe, 59 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Bedford, Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Latrobe in time to connect with mail for Pittsburg, say by 11 p m;
Leave Latrobe Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, on arrival of mail from Pittsburg, say at 10 a m;
Arrive at Bedford next days by 6 a m.
Proposals are invited for six-times-a-week service.

2553 From Bedford, by St. Clairsville, Sarah, East Freedom, Newry, and Duncansville to Hollidaysburg, 33 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Bedford daily, except Sunday, at 6 a m;
Arrive at Hollidaysburg by 4 p m;
Leave Hollidaysburg daily, except Sunday, at 10 a m:
Arrive at Bedford by 8 p m.

2554 From Bedford, by Cumberland Valley, to Cumberland, Md., 30 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Bedford Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 8 a m;
Arrive at Cumberland by 6 p m:
Leave Cumberland Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Bedford by 6 p m;
Proposals are invited for six-times-a-week service.

2555 From Bedford, by Charlesville and Rainsburg, to Elbinsville, 22 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Bedford Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Elbinsville by 5 p m;
Leave Elbinsville Monday and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Bedford by 5 p m;

2556 From Somerset, by Benford's Store, Stoystown, and Davidsville, to Johnstown, 29 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Somerset daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m;
Arrive at Johnstown by 3 p m;
Leave Johnstown daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m;
Arrive at Somerset by 3 p m.

2557 From Blairsville Intersection with Pennsylvania railroad, by Blairsville, Black Lick Station, and Philip's Mill, to Indiana, 18 miles and back, daily, by railroad.
Leave Blairsville Intersection daily at 10. 50 a m;
Arrive at Indiana by 11.30 p m;
Leave Indiana daily at 6.25 a m;
Arrive at Blairsville Intersection by 8 a m;

2558 From Ligonier, by Hillview, to West Fairfield, 11 miles and back once a week.
Leave Ligonier Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at West Fairfield by 11 a m;
Leave West Fairfield, Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Ligonier by 4 p m.

2559 From Ligonier, by Stahlstown, to Donegal, 15 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Ligonier Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Donegal by 12 m;
Leave Donegal Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Ligonier by 5 p m.

2560 From Cumberland by Barnsville, Wellersburg, Wittenburg, Berlin, Somerset, Lavansville, Bakersville, Jones' Mills, Donegal, Laurelville, Mount Pleasant, and Weaver's Old Stand, to Greensburg 78 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Cumberland Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 7 a m;
Arrive at Greensburg next days by 12 m;
Leave Greensburg, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, on arrival of mail from Pittsburg, say at 11 a m;
Arrive at Cumberland next days by 5 p m.
Proposals are invited for six-times-a-week service.

2561 From Berlin, by Berkley's, Meyer's Mills, Summit Mills, and Elk Lick, to Grantsville, 26 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Berlin, Monday and Thursday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Grantsville by 6 p m;
Leave Grantsville Tuesday and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Berlin by 4 p m.

2562 From Berlin, by Shanksville, Shade Furnace, and Scalp Level, to Johnstown, 37 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Berlin Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Johnstown by 8 p m;
Leave Johnstown Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Berlin by 8 p m.

2563 From Somerset, by Sipesville, Forwardstown, and Bemis Creek, to Johnstown, 30 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Somerset, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Johnstown by 4 p m;
Leave Johnstown Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 11 a m;
Arrive at Somerset by 6½ p m.

2564 From Somerset, by Stony Creek, the West End, Dry Ridge, and Mann's Choice, to Bedford, 38 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Somerset Tuesday and Saturday, at 6 a m;
Arrive at Bedford by 6 p m;
Leave Bedford Monday and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Somerset by 6 p m.
Proposals are invited for three-times-a week service.

2565 From Somerset by Gebhart's, New Lexington, Turkey Foot, and Harnedsville, to Addison, 26 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Somerset Wednesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Addison by 5 p m;
Leave Addison Thursday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Somerset by 4 p m.

2566 From Mount Pleasant, by Pennsville, Connellsville, and Dunbar, to Uniontown, 21 miles and back, three times a week
Leave Mount Pleasant Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, at 9½ a m;
Arrive at Uniontown by 2 p m;
Leave Uniontown Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, at 8 a m;
Arrive at Mount Pleasant by ½ p m.
Proposals for six-times-a-week service are invited.

2567 From Connellsville, by Elm, New Lexington, and Gebhart's to Berlin, 38 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Connellsville Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Berlin by 7 p m;
Leave Berlin Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Connellsville by 7 p m.

2568 From Washington, by Clokey, Dunningville, Ginger Hill, Monongahela City, Gamble's, West Newton, Mendon, and McKean's Old Stand, to Mount Pleasant. 44 miles and back, six times a week.
Leave Washington daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m;
Arrive at Mount Pleasant by 7 p m;
Leave Mount Pleasant daily, except Sunday, at 6 a m;
Arrive at Washington by 6 p m.

2569 From Washington, by Buffalo, West Middleton, Independence, and Fowler's to Wellsburg, 25 miles and back twice a week.
Leave Washington Monday and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Wellsburg by 12 m;
Leave Wellsburg Tuesday and Saturday, on arrival of eastern mail, by railroad, say at 1 p m;
Arrive at Washington by 7 p m.
Proposals for three-times-a-week service are invited.

2570 From Washington, by Woodrow, Cross Creek Village, Eldersville, and Cherry Hill, to Steubenville, 30 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Washington Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Steubenville by 4 p m;
Leave Steubenville Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Washington by 4 p m.

2571 From Washington, Van Buren, Prosperity, and Lindley's Mills, to Waynesburg, 23 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Washington Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Waynesburg by 7 p m;
Leave Waynesburg Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Washington by 12 m.

2572 From Washington, by Locust Hill, Hickory, Cherry Valley, Burgettstown, Florence Frankfort Springs, and Kendall, to Hookstown, 37 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Washington Monday and Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Hookstown by 6 p m;
Leave Hookstown Tuesday and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Washington by 6 p m.

2573 From Smith's Ferry to Ohioville, 3 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Smith's Ferry Wednesday and Saturday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Ohioville by 11 a m;
Leave Ohioville Wednesday and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Smith's Ferry by 1 p m.

2574 From McKean's Old Stand, by New Stanton, Vatt's Mills, Madison, and Fulton, to Tinker Run, 22 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave McKean's Old Stand Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Tinker Run by 12 m;
Leave Tinker Run Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 p m.
Arrive at McKean's Old Stand by 8 p m.

2575 From West Middletown, by Patterson's Mill, Cross Creek Village, Eldersville, Burgettstown, and Clinton, to Seventy-Six, 8 miles and back, once a week.
Leave West Middletown Monday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Eldersville by 5 p m;
Leave Eldersville Monday at 8 a m;
Arrive at West Middletown by 12 m;
Leave Eldersville Tuesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Seventy-Six by 4 p m;
Leave Seventy-Six Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Eldersville by 4 p m.

2576 From Sparta, by Lindley's Mills and Amity, (Ten Mile, 12 miles and back, twice a wek.
Leave Sparta Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Ten Mile by 12 m;
Leave Ten Mile Thursday and Saturday at 2 m;
Arrive at Sparta by 6 p m.

2577 From Brownsville, by Fredericktown, Millsboro,' Clarksville, and Jefferson, to Waynesburg, 24 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Brownsville Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Waynesburg by 6 p m;
Leave Waynesburg Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Brownsville by 3 p m.

2578 From Brownsville, by Red Stone, Perryopolis, Flatwoods, East Liberty, and Upper Middletown, to Uniontown, 25 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Brownsville Tuesday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Uniontown by 3 p m;
Leave Uniontown Wednesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Brownsville by 3 p m.

2579 From Brownsville, by Merrittstown and New Salem, to Uniontown, 14 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Brownsville Tuesday and Friday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Uniontown by 8 p m;
Leave Uniontown Tuesday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Brownsville by 11 a m.
Proposals for three-times-a-week service are invited.

2580 From Willow Tree, by Davistown, Mount Morris, and Pentress, to Blacksville, 19 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Willow Tree Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Blacksville by 12 m;
Leave Blacksville Thursday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Willow Tree by 6 p m.

2581 From Uniontown, by High House, McClellandtown, Masontown, Carmichael's and Rice's Landing, to Jefferson, 31 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Uniontown Tuesday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Jefferson by 5 p m;
Leave Jefferson Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Uniontown by 3 p m.

2582 From Uniontown, by McClellandtown, Masontown, Greensboro', Mapletown, Willow Tree, and Whitley, to Carmichael's, 33 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Uniontown Friday at 6 a m
Arrive at Carmichael's by 6 p m:
Leave Carmichael's Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Uniontown by 6 p m.

2583 From Smithfield, by Reppert's Cross Roads New Geneva, and Greensboro', to Mapletown, 9 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Smithfield Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Mapletown by 3 p m;
Leave Mapletown Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Smithfield by 6 p m;

2584 From Waynesburg, by Day's Store, Simpson's Store, West Finley, and Dallas, Va., to West Alexander, Pa., 40 miles and back twice a week.
Leave Waynesburg Tuesday and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at West Alexander by 7 p m;
Leave West Alexander Monday and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Waynesburg by 7 p m.

2585 From Waynesburg, by Rogersville, Jollytown, Blacksville, Va., and Spragg's, Pa. to Waynesburg, equal to 20 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Waynesburg Wednesday at 7 a m;
Return to Waynesburg by 7 p m.

2586 From Waynesburg, by Moredock's and Whitely, to Willow Tree, 14 miles and back once a week.
Leave Waynesburg Wednesday at 12 m;
Arrive at Willow Tree by 4 p m;
Leave Willow Tree Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Waynesburg by 11 a m.

2587 From Waynesburg, by Hunter's Cave, Harvey's, Windrige, Ryerson's Station, and Rock Lick, Va., to Cameron, 28 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Waynesburg Monday and Friday ot 8 a m;
Arrive at Cameron by 5 p m;
Leave Cameron Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Waynesburg by 5 p m.

2588 From Waynesburg, by Oak Forest, White Cottage, New Freeport, Milo, Va., Sugar Run, Knob Fork, Pine Grove, and Lone Tree, to Middlebourne, 72 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Waynesburg Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Knob Fork by 6 p m;
Leave Knob Fork Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Middlebourne by 6 p m;
Leave Middlebourne Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Knob Fork by 6 p m;
Leave Knob Fork Sunday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Milo by 9 p m;
Leave Milo Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Waynesburg by 4 p m.

2589 From Bellefonte, by Buffalo Run, Half Moon, Centre Line, and Warrior's Mark, to Tyrone, 32 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Bellefonte Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Tyrone by 5 p m;
Leave Tyrone Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 9 a m;
Arrive at Bellefonte by 5 p m.

2590 From Bellefonte, by Milesburg, Fleming, Julian Furnace, Port Matilda, Hannah, and Olivia, to Tyrone, 32 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Bellefonte Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Tyrone by 4 p m;
Leave Tyrone Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 10 a m;
Arrive at Bellefonte by 6 p m.

2591 From Bellefonte, by Milesburg, Snow Shoe, Meshannon, and Pine Swamp, to Karthous, 29 miles and back, twice a week.
Leave Bellefonte Monday and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Karthous by 5 p m;
Leave Karthous Tuesday and Saturday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Bellefonte by 5 p m.
Proposal for three-times-a-week service are invited.

2592 From Caledonia to Karthous, 27 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Caledonia Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Karthous by 7 p m;
Leave Karthous Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Caledonia by 7 p m;

2593 From Bellefonte, by Walker, Mountain Eagle, Howard, and Beech Creek, to Lock Haven, 27 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Bellefonte Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a m;
Arrive at Lock Haven by 4 p m
Leave Lock Haven Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Bellefonte by 2 p m.

2594 From Bellefonte, by Benner and Farm School, to Pine Grove Mills, 16 miles and back, three times a week.
Leave Bellefonte Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 4 p m;
Arrive at Pine Grove Mills by 8 a m;
Leave Pine Grove Mills Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 p m;
Arrive at Bellefonte by 6 p m.

INSTRUCTIONS,

Containing conditions to be incorporated in the contracts to the extent the department may deem proper.

1. Seven minutes are allowed to each intermediate office, when not otherwise specified, for assorting the mails; but on railroad and steamboat routes there is to be no more delay than is sufficient for an exchange of the mail bags.

2. On railroad and steamboat lines, and other routes where the mode of conveyance admits of it, the special agents of the Post Office Department, also post office blanks, mail bags, locks, and keys are to be conveyed without extra charge.

3. On railroad and steamboat lines the route agents of the department are to be conveyed without charge, and for their exclusive use, while travelling with the mails, a commodious car, or apartment in the center of a car, properly lighted, warmed, and furnished, and adapted to the convenient separation and due security of the mails, is to be provided by the contractor, under the direction of the department.

Railroad and steamboat companies are required to take the mail from and deliver it into the post offices at the commencement and end of their routes and to and from all offices not more than eighty rods from a station or landing. Proposals may be submitted for the performance of all other side service—that is, for offices over eighty rods from a station or landing.

Receipts will be required for mail bags conveyed in charge of persons employed by railroad companies There will also be "way bills" prepared by postmasters, or other agents of the department, to accompany the mails, specifying the number and description of the several bags. On the principal routes [illegible] will be required and way bills forwarded; the latter to be examined by the several postmasters, to insure regularity in the delivery of mail bags.

4. No pay will be made for trips not performed; and for each of such omissions not satisfactorily explained three times the pay of the trip may be deducted. For arrivals so far behind time as to break connexion with depending mails, and not sufficiently excused, one-fourth of the compensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture. Deduction will also be ordered for a grade of performance inferior to that specified in the contract. For repeated delinquencies of the kind herein specified, enlarged penalties, proportioned to the nature thereof, and the importance of the mail, may be made.

5. For leaving behind or throwing off the mails, or any portion of them, for the admission of passengers, or for being concerned in settling up or running an express conveying intelligence in advance of the mail; a quarter's pay may be deducted.

6. Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency be promptly and satisfactorily explained by certificates of postmasters or the affidavits of other credible persons, for failing to arrive in contract time; for neglecting to take the mail from or deliver it into a post office; for suffering it to be wet, destroyed, robbed, or lost; and for refusing, after demand, to convey the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or is concerned in running a coach, car or steamboat on a route.

7. The Postmaster General may annul the contract for repeated failures to run agreeably to contract; for violating the Post Office laws, or disobeying the instructions of the department; for refusing to discharge a carrier when required by the department to do so; for running an express as aforesaid; or for transporting persons or packages, conveying mailable matter out of the mail.

8. The Postmaster General may order an increase of service on a route by allowing therefor a *pro rata* increase on the contract pay. He may change schedules of departures and arrivals in all cases, and particularly to make them to conform to connexions with rail roads, without increase of pay, provided the running time be not abridged. He may also order an increase of speed, allowing, within the restrictions of the law, a *pro rata* increase of pay for the additional stock or carriers, if any. The contractor may, however in the case of increase of speed relinquish the contract, by giving prompt notice to the department that he prefers doing so to carrying the order into effect. The Postmaster General may also curtail or discontinue the service in whole or in part, at *pro rata* decrease of pay, allowing one month's extra compensation on the amount dispensed with, whenever, in his opinion, the public interests require the change, or in case he desires to supersede it by a different grade of transportation.

9. Payments will be made by collections from or drafts on postmasters, or otherwise, after the expiration of each quarter—say in February, May August and November.

10. The distances are given according to the best information; but no increased pay will be allowed should they be greater than advertised, if the points to be supplied be correctly stated. Biddders must inform themselves on this point, and also in reference to the weight of the mail, the condition of roads, hills, streams, &c, and all toll-bridges, ferries, or obstructions of any kind by which expense may be incurred. No claim for additional pay, based on such ground, can be considered; nor for alleged mistakes or misapprehensions as to the degree of service; nor for bridges destroyed, ferries discontinued, or other obstructions increasing distance, occurring during the contract term. Offices established after this advertisement is issued, and also during the contract term, are to be visited without extra pay, if the distance be not increased.

11. A bid received after the last day and hour named, or without the guaranty, required by law and a certificate as to the sufficiency of such guaranty, cannot be considered in competition with a regular proposal reasonable in amount.

12. Bidders should first propose for service strictly according to the advertisement, and then, if they desire, separately for different service; and if the regular bid be the lowest offered for the advertised service, the other propositions may be considered.

13. There should be but one route bid for in a proposal. Consolidated or combination bids ("proposing one sum for two or more routes") are forbidden by law, and cannot be considered.

13. The route, the service, the yearly pay, the name and residence of the bidder, (that is, his usual post office address,) and those of each member of a firm, where a company offers, should be distinctly stated.

15. Bidders are requested to use, as far as practicable, the printed form of proposal furnished by the department, to write out in full the sum of their bids, and to retain copies of them.

Altered bids should not be submitted; nor should bids once submitted be withdrawn. No withdrawal of a bidder or guarantor will be allowed unless dated and received before the last day for receiving proposals.

Each bid must be guarantied by two responsible persons.

General guaranties cannot be admitted. The bid and guaranty should be signed plainly with the full name of each person.

The department reserves the right to reject any bid which may be deemed extravagant, and also to disregard the bids of failing contractors and bidders.

16. The bid should be sealed, superscribed "Mail Proposals, State of ——," addressed, "Second Assistant Postmaster General, Contract Office," and sent by mail, not by or to an agent; and postmasters will not enclose proposals (or letters of any kind) in their quarterly returns.

17. The contracts are to be executed and returned to the department by or before the 1st day of August, 1860; but the service must be commenced on the 1st of July preceding, or on the mail day next after that date, whether the contracts be executed or not. No proposition to transfer will be considered until the contracts are executed and received at the department; and then no transfer will be allowed unless good and sufficient reasons therefor are given, to be determined by the department. In all cases the retiring contractor will be required to become one of the sureties on the new contract.

18. Postmasters at offices on or near railroads, but more than eighty rods from a station, will, immediately after the 31st of March next, report their exact distance from the nearest station, and how they are otherwise supplied with the mail, to enable the Postmaster General to direct a mail-messenger supply faom the 1st of July next.

19. Section eighteen of an act of Congress approved March 3, 1855, provides that contracts for the transportation of the mail shall be let "in every case to the lowest bidder tendering sufficient guaranties for faithful performance, without other reference to the mode of such transportation." Under this law bids that propose to transport the mail with "celerity, certainty, and security," having been decided to be the only legal bids, are construed as providing for the entire mail, however large, and whatever may be the mode of conveyance necessary to insure its "celerity, certainty and security," and will have the preference over all others.

20. A modification of a bid in any of its essential terms is tantamount to a new bid, and cannot be received, so as to interfere with a regular competition, after the last hour set for receiving bids. Making a new bid, with guaranties and certificate, is the only way to modify a previous bid.

21. Postmasters are to be careful not to certify the sufficiency of guarantors or sureties without knowing that they are persons of sufficient responsibility; and all bidders, guarantors and sureties are distinctly notified that on a failure to enter into or perform the contracts for the service proposed for in the accepted bids, their legal liabilities will be enforced against them.

23. Present contractors, and persons known at the department, must, equally with others, procure guarantors and certificates of their sufficiency substantially in the forms above prescribed. The certificates of sufficiency must be signed by a postmaster or by a judge of a court of record. No other certificates will be admitted.

J. HOLT,
Feb. 3d, 1860. *Postmaster General.*

A beautiful incident.

Some months ago an amiable, beautiful and accomplished lady, the mother of three bright, interesting children, and the wife of a highly esteemed citizen, died rather suddenly and under peculiar and trying circumstances. Her death was universally lamented, and her afflicted family had the deepest sympathies of the whole community. Among her children was a little angelic girl about five years old,

A lovely being, scarcely form'd or moulded,
A rose with all its sweetest leaves yet folded.

The child often seemed to be thinking of her absent mother and frequently spoke of her, but she had not been more thoughtful or melancholy than many other children under similar circumstances. On a pleasant, balmy evening just after the sun had set, the child with several other members of the family, including the father, were on the portico of the house enjoying the pleasant atmosphere, when the child was observed to be steadily gazing upwards, with her eyes rivited upon some object which seemed to absorb her whole soul. She continued in this posture for several moments when clapped her hands gleefully, jumped upon the porch bench in ecstacy of delight, and cried out, "O! papa, papa! there's my mother! there's my mother! O! my dear, beautiful mother, do come home and live with us again!" The father with a melting heart spoke gently to the child and attempted to withdraw her attention; and told her that she was mistaken, her mother was not there. But the child continued to clap her hands joytully, for some minutes, and declared it was her mother, she saw her "there there! there!"—pointing with her tiny finger—"*I see her eyes!*" All present were struck with amazement and awe, and none doubted that the spiritual little girl had really communed with her mother.—*Peninsular News.*

Liberty and Union.

"When my eyes shall be turned to behold for the last time the glorious sun in Heaven, may I not see him shining on the broken and dishonored fragments of a once glorious Union—on States dissevered, discordant, belligerent—on a land rent with civil feuds, or drenched, it may be, in fraternal blood. Let their last feeble and lingering glance rather behold the glorious ensign of the Republic, now known and honored throughout the world, still full high advanced, not a single star erased, nor a single stripe polluted, bearing for its motto no such miserable interrogatory as—"What is all this worth?"—nor those other words of delusion and folly, "Liberty first Union afterwards;" but everywhere spread all over in characters of living light, that other sentiment, dear to every American heart, "Liberty and Union, now and forever, one and inseperable.'"—DANIEL WEBSTER.

The Smith Family.

"Gentlemen," said a candidate for Congress "my name is Smith, and I am proud to say I am not ashamed of it. It may be that no person in this crowd owns that very uncommon name. If, however, there be one such, let him hold up his head, pull up his dickey, turn out his toes, take courage, and thank his stars that there are a few more left of the same sort.

"Smith gentlemen, is an illustrious name
And stands ever high in the annals of fame;
Let White, Brown and Jones increase as they will,
Believe me that Smith will outnumber them still."

"Gentlemen, I am proud of being an original Smith; not a Smythe, but a regular natural S-m-i-t-h, Smith. Putting a Y in the middle or an E at the end won't do, gentlemen. Who ever heard of a great man by the name of Smyth or Smythe? Echo answers who, and everybody says nobody. But as for Smith, plain S-m-i-t-h, why the pillars of fame are covered with that honored and revered name. Who were the most racy, witty, and popular authors of this century? Horace and Albert Smith. Who the most original, pithy, and humorous preacher? Rev. Sidney Smith. To go further back - who was the bravest and boldest soldier in Sumpter's army of the Revolution? A Smith. Who palavered with Powhatan, gallivanted with Pocohontas, and became the ancestor of the first families in Virginia? A Smith again. And who, I ask—and I ask the question more seriously and soberly—who, I say, is that man, and what is his name, who fought the most battles, made the most speeches, preached the most sermons, held the most offices, sung the most songs, wrote the most poems, courted the most women, and married the most widows? History says, I say, and everybody says, John Smith."

PROOF OF YORKSHIRE.—A lad, seeing a gentleman in a public house eating eggs, said,

"Be so good, Sir, as to give me a little salt."

"Salt, for what?"

"Perhaps, Sir, you'll ask me to eat an egg, and I should like to be ready."

"What country are you from, my lad?"

"I's Yorkshire, Sir."

"I thought so—Well, there take your egg."

"Thank you, Sir."

"Well, they are great horse-stealers in your country, are not they?"

"Yes; my father, though an honest man, would think no more of taking a horse, than I would of [illegible] your glass of ale," (taking it.)

"Yes, I see you are Yorkshire."

A BEAUTIFUL REPLY.—A pious man was one day walking to the sanctuary with a New Testament in his hand, when a friend who met him said:

"Good morning, Mr. Price."

"Ah, good morning," replied he, "I am reading my Father's will as I walk along."

"Well, what has he left you?" said his friend.

"Why he has bequeathed me an hundred fold more in this life, and in the world to come, life everlasting."

This beautful reply was the means of comforting his Christian friend, who was at the time in sorrowing circumstances.

A CONVENIENT NAP.—An Oxford scholar, calling early one morning on another, when in bed, says,

"Jack, are you asleep?"

"Why?"

"Because I want to borrow half a crown of you."

"Then I am asleep."

☞A pious young man, visiting a prison in Maine, inquired of some of the prisoners the cause of their being in such a place. A small girl's answer was that she "stole a saw-mill, and went back after the pond and was arrested."

☞An exchange paper says:—"If you would keep your children in health, give them plenty of fresh air." This is all well enough; but now-a-days children put on so many airs, that it is almost impossible to give them a fresh one every day.

☞Some men spend the whole prime of their lives in letting down empty buckets into empty wells, and fritter away their old age in trying to draw them up again.

☞Mrs. Partington says that nothing despises her so much, as to see people who profess to expect salvation, go to church without their purses when a recollection is to be taken.

☞Boys should be very careful how they steer their life-barks if they would arrive without shipwreck at the Isle of Man.

☞Pompey said he once worked for a man who raised his wages so high that he could only reach them once in two years.

☞"What's the matter, Julia—you look as sorrowful as a sick lapdog?"

"Oh, don't perplex me, that's a dear, my grief is too great for utterance. I've had such an awful vision. I actually dreamed that Rosa Smith had got a new silk dress."

☞Sueing a newspaper editor for libel is about as sensible as to boil a brick-bat to get lamp-oil out of it.

☞Beautiful was the reply of a venerable man to the question, whether he was still in the land of the living—"No, but I am almost there."

☞If you think that it is an easy thing to square the circle, just go and settle your wife's bill for hoops.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Feb. 10, 1860.

B. F. Meyers, Editor.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

The Democrats of Bedford county, are respectfully requested to assemble in Mass Meeting, at the Court House, in Bedford, on Monday evening of Court week, Feb. 13th, 1860, for the purpose of selecting delegates to the coming Democratic State Convention and to transact such other business as may come before them. A large attendance is desired. The conservative and Constitution-loving men of other parties are invited to attend.

By order of the Democratic Co. Com.

O. E. SHANNON,
Chairman.

☞All typographical errors and other inaccuracies and short-comings in this number, must be attributed to the absence of the editor.

The Organization of Congress.

The election of Mr. Pennington as Speaker of the Lower House of Congress, is a moral victory over "Republicanism," which will prove the fore-runner of a Waterloo defeat of the enemies of Democracy in 1860. The "Republican" members of Congress had nominated Mr. Sherman as their first, last and only candidate, the New York *Tribune* had applied the lash of party drill to elect that candidate and its motto was, "Sherman forever!" and Thaddeus Stevens had proclaimed that the Speaker must be Sherman, or nobody, and that he would vote for the Helper nominee till the crack of doom. But all this swaggering and threatening could not drive the moderate and conservative members from their position. The "Republicans" were *driven* from Sherman, they were *compelled* to abandon him and to cast their vote for a man who repudiates and despises their leading dogma. Thus has nationality triumphed over sectionalism. Thus is the treason of the Helperites rebuked.

THE TRAITOR REWARDED.

JOHN W. FORNEY, the blackest and foulest traitor that ever apostatised from the Democratic party, has just received the thirty pieces of silver for which he agreed, two years ago, to sell out the party that nursed him and raised him to a position of respectability. People can now see why it was that Mr. Forney has been so persistent in his slanderous abuse of a Democratic President. His vilifications of Mr. Buchanan, was the price he was required to pay to the Black Republicans for the Clerkship to Congress, to which he has just been elected by his newly found friends. This places Mr. Forney clearly and incontrovertibly in the ranks of the Opposition. We hope he may stay there, never to return.

☞H. W. Hoffman, of Cumberland, Md., has been elected Sergeant at Arms to the House of Representatives at Washington.

☞The coldest day we had in Bedford in the month of January, was on the first. The thermometer was four degrees below 0 at seven o'clock in the morning: ten above, at two o'clock p. m. and four above at nine in the evening; making the mean temperature of the day, three degrees and thirty three hundredths of a degree. We had twelve inches of snow, all put together during the month and two and thirty two hundredths cubic inches of water, in the form of rain, snow and sleet.

The County Institute.

The last meeting of this association was a very pleasant one, and also profitable to those who attended its meetings. About the one half of our teachers appear to have no ambition to learn to teach; but to teach to learn and to make the school-house their school-master; and they seem also to act as if the Institute were only for the teachers who are perfect in their profession, and those who are a little behind, had better stay away, least they be called upon to participate; and consequently they absent themselves.

Every teacher who is ashamed to improve himself in his profession, had better absent himself from the school-house too, in the capacity of a teacher, but attend in the capacity of a schollar; for as teacher he will "kill up" a school, but as a schollar he may fill up a school; and though he may not be able to communicate, yet he may receive something, even should the receptical be lower than the head. All who turn a cold side to the means of their own improvement cannot be ruled out of the Teacher's ranks any too soon.

The Institute was gotten up for mutual improvement, and all, certainly, should embrace the most favorable opportunity of meeting with their fellow teachers in conference, when each one can add to his knowledge from the rich experience of the others; especially the younger portion, who have little or no experience of their own and who, perhaps, have never read a single book on the subject of teaching. In neighboring counties, every teacher feels bound to attend the Institute, in our own every teacher feels at liberty not to attend. Should it be my good fortune to serve as county Superintendent another term, I will issue certificates to no teachers who are unwilling to spend a day or two in consulting with his fellow teachers how to advance the best interests of the schools. Both the county and also the township Institute, have already done very much in this respect, and should be properly kept up.

Those twenty five or thirty teachers in attendance at the last meeting, certainly deserve credit for their interest and energy, and it may be a few others also whose hearts are in the work, but were providentially prevented in attending; but, certainly, the resolution respecting "Live teachers" appended, to an abstract of the minutes, which were published in the last week's paper reflects discredit upon the "Not live teachers."

SUPERINTENDENT.

Senator Bigler's Bill.

The following is a synopsis of the bill, presented in the United States Senate by Mr. Bigler, for the protection of the States and Territories from invasion:

Section 1, Provides that whenever any State or Territorry is invaded or is in imminent danger of invasion from external or internal foes, that it shall be lawful for the President of the United States to collect the militia from the State or States or nearest to the point of danger, and also to employ the land or naval forces of the United States.

Section 2, Provides that any person actually engaged or participating in carrying on a hostile military expedition from one State or Territory against another, shall be adjudged guilty of treason and suffer death.

Section 3, Provides that any person having knowledge of such treason, and shall neglect to disclose the same at the earliest moment, shall be adjudged guilty of misprison of treason and shall be find a sum not exceeding $1000, and be imprisoned for a term not exceeding seven years.

Section 4, Gives power to the President to seize and detain any vessel fitted out by one State against another for hostile purposes.

Section 5, Provides that any materials, arms, valuables, &c., found in such vessel, shall be forfeited, one half to the Government and the other half to the informer.

Section 6, Provides that any person furnishing or providing means of money for such hostile expeditions, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and fined a sum not exceeding $3000, and be imprisoned not over ten years.

Section 7, Provides that any person enlisting himself or procuring others to enlist shall be deemed guilty of felony and fined not over $3000 and imprisoned for a term not exceeding ten years.

Section 8, Provides that any person fitting out or procuring to be sent any ship or vessel for such hostile expedition, shall be fined a sum not exceeding $10,000 and be imprisoned a term not exceeding ten years.

Section 9, Provides that any person accepting or exercising a commission for such hostile service, shall be fined not over $3000, and be imprisoned not more than ten years.

Section 10, Provides that nothing in this bill shall be construed as relating to any piracy as now defined by the existing laws.

Let By-gones be By-gones.

We clip the following excellent remark from the Washington *States* and *Union*, of the 2d inst.

It gives us great pleasure to see such sentiments so universally prevailing throughout the entire Democratic party, North and South, East, and West. The indications are in favor of union in our ranks, and with a united party we can have no fears of the result next Fall. The *States* and *Union* disagreed with the Administration on the Lecompton question—and Doctors *will* disagree sometimes but is now willing to forget all past differences and labor for the good of our whole party. This is the spirit of every Democrat, and we hope no other may be allowed to creep in among us.

Oblivion to dissensions in the Democracy, we trust, is the generous sentiment of every true member of the party at this joyous season. Let us unite cordially, fraternally, resolutely, for the eventful combat of the 15th of November. Even thus united, we shall have a foe to meet whose numbers may vastly exceed our own.—We shall be an easy prey enless we summon to our aid all the strength that we can command.

If we decline to do this, it is worse than nonsense for us to meet in convention at Charleston.

Trial of Stephens.

THE TRIAL CONCLUDED—VERDICT OF THE JURY.

CHARLESTOWN, Feb. 4.—The trial of Andrew Stephens, charged with treason, murder and conspiracy, was concluded to day.

No new evidence was adduced.

The speeches of the counsel were mostly of a political character, discussing the present position of the question between the North and South.

The Commonwealth made a proposition to submit the case without argument, but it was declined by the counsel for the defence, who desired to be heard for his client.

Mr. Harding made the opening argument.—He denounced as a falsehood and a libel the assertion of Brown that he was to receive aid from the laboring classes at Harper's Ferry.—He claimed that they were true to the Constitution and the State of Virginia, and referred to their action in assisting to quell the invasion as a proof of their fidelity. He concluded with an earnest appeal to the jury to vindicate the law, styling the prisoner a bloodthirsty villain and wretch, and worse even than his master, John Brown.

Mr. Sennot for the defence made an able and eloquent speech, going into a detailed narrative of the rise and progress of the Republican party, and closing with an earnest appeal to the jury to spare the life of the prisoner.

Mr. Andrew Hunter closed on the part of the Commonwealth. He replied to the arguments of that counsel for the defence with telling effect. He had no confidence in the Union meetings which had been held in the North.—He believed that this invasion of John Brown had been a benefit to the South, as it had shown them the position in which they were placed. He referred to Mr. Hickman's boast of the eighteen millions of freemen of the North, and declared the South was prepared for any emergency.

The case was submitted to the jury at 4 o'clock this [Saturday] afternoon, they retired, and after fifteen minutes absence, returned with a verdict of guilty on all the counts of the indictment.

The prisoner received the verdict with most perfect indifference, and even appeared to smile at the announcement.

☞Gov. SAMUEL W. BLACK, of Nebraska, has, very properly, vetoed a bill passed by the Legislature of that Territory for the abolition of slavery therein. It is an agreed point, with all Democrats, that Congress has no power to abolish slavery in a Territory; *a fortiori*, a Territorial Legislature has not the power, because it derives all its powers from Congress. Gov. BLACK's veto has excited the ire of the Pittsburgh editors, the *Standard*, of this place, and, in fact, all the Black Republican papers that have noticed the subject. Gov. BLACK needs no better proof that he is right than the opposition of Black Republicans. If he could secure the favor of the Abolition county of Allegheny, we would certainly think there was "something rotten in Denmark."

LATER FROM BRONSVILLE.

The Brownsville correspondent of the New Orleans *Delta*, under date of n. 21st says:—Day Before yesterday Capt. ord's company was mustered out and immediaty reorganized. Ford was unanimously elected Captain of the company, 48 men being mured in before leaving the ground. On Thurday last Mat. Nolan arrived from Corpus Chti, with about 25 recruits, and Capt. Hill, foierly of Tobias' company, arrived the same day with about the same number. As soon as Tob arrives from Ringgold, (from whence he has been ordered,) all the State troops will be mtered out, and re-enlisted immediately (at least as many may feel disposed to re-enlist) for one year's service, if not sooner discharged. On Yesterday Major Heintzleman, accompanied by Lts. Thomas and Ramsey, and Capt. Stoneman, with his company of second cavalry, arrved here from Ringgold. I understand that Maor Heintzleman is to take command of Fort Brown. He reports that on his way down he encountered small parties of the enemy, and in some instances chased them in to the bushes.

Cortina and his captains are almost daily promenading the streets of Matamoras, and are cordially taken by the hand by the officials of that place. He is encamped about eight miles above Matamoras (on the Mexican side of the river) with his principal force, while detachments of his men daily cross to this side and commit depredations. This state of thing cannot and should not long exist without interrupting friendly relations between the two governments—the truth is, the Mexicans have become insolent and overbearing, and they are *spoiling* for chastisement, and nothing will bring them to their senses until they hear in their midst the whoop of the Texas Ranger, and feel the talons of the American eagle sunk deep in their carcasses.

VERDICT OF THE JURY IN THE PEMBERTON MILL CALAMITY.

LAWRENCE, (Mass.,) Feb. 3.—The jury of inquest on the Pemberton mill calamity rendered their verdict last evening. It is quite lengthy, embracing a careful review of the testimony. The jury find that, from all the evidence adduced before them, they do not believe that the owners of said mill, at the time of the demolition, ever doubted its security. The jury further find that fire originating after the fall of said mill was caused by the accidental breaking of a lantern in the hands of some person to them unknown, and at the time actually engaged in aiding and removing the sufferers then alive and beneath the ruins of the mill. They also find that the causes of the demolition of the mill lay in the thinness of the brick walls and their manner of construction, and in the length of space from one support to another. For the defects in the cast-iron supports, the jury find that the responsibility rests upon Albert Fuller, former constructing agent and foreman of the Eagle Iron Company in West Boston. Charles L. Bigelow, the architect, and the superintendent, are held responsible for the test of the pillars and for any defects in the building.

From the New York Journal of Commerce, Feb. 3.

Terrible Conflagration in New York.

A TENEMENT HOUSE TOTALLY DESTROYED—ABOUT TWENTY-FIVE SUPPOSED TO BE BURNT TO DEATH—BETWEEN TWENTY-FIVE AND THIRTY BODIES BURNT AND INJURED

About twenty minutes past 7 o'clock last evening, the Fourteenth Ward was the scene of one of the most disastrous conflagration that has visited our city for a long time, and which has been attended with great loss of life. The fire originated in the tenement house No, 142 Elm street, near Grand, occupied by twenty families, about one hundred persons in all.

It was first discovered in the basement, occupied by a baker, who had a store on the first floor. Like lightning almost, the fire spread so rapidly that in less than five minutes the stairway leading to the upper floors and hallway were one mass of flames. There were supposed to have been about sixty or seventy persons, men, women and children, in the building at the time, and the only means of escape being by the stair way, the loss of life must, therefore, be more serious than it was supposed at first. The escape of many by jumping out of the upper windows, and their rescue by the firemen shows that all communication was cut off with the lower portion of the building. Several were seen on the roof of the building, and the cries of those within could be heard for some time after the flames had reached the upper stories. One woman was observed at one of the upper windows, beseeching some one to come to her rescue, but in a short time she disappeared, and that was the last seen of her. Sergt. Armount succeeded in rescuing a little girl, and, in coming out, fell over the body of a woman lying in the hall. A woman whose name could not be ascertained, jumped from the roof of the house into the alley-way, and was picked up in a dying condition. As soon as the firemen reached the scene of conflagration, they worked nobly to rescue the lives of those in the building. Great credit is due to them, as they rescued no less than from twenty to thirty women and children. The immense height of the building was such, that for some time it was found imprudent for the firemen to go within, but many regardless of the danger, entered, and through their efforts rescued many.

The burnt and injured were carried to the drug store opposite, and to the stores in the neighborhood, where their wounds were dressed. Some were taken to the Hospital and others to the residences of some of their friends. Detective O'Keefe succeeded in saving the lives of a women and four children. The fire burnt until near eleven o'clock before it was got under. Several of the adjoining buildings were damaged by fire and water.

The building, worth about $10,000, was owned by Edward Haring, and was damaged to the extent of about $8,000; fully insured. The loss of furniture amounts to about $3,000. A two story frame building, No. 144 Elm street, was considerably damaged. Mathew Lynch occupied the upper part, and John Brown occupied the lower part. Their aggregate loss is about $500 not insured. The building owned by Mr. Brown was damaged about $500 insured. Mr. Brown occupied a frame building in the rear as a carpenter shop, and it was damaged about $500 not insured. The two story frame building No. 146 Elm street, occupied as a dwelling by W. B. Near, was damaged about $200. The two and a half story brick building occupied as dwelling by several families was badly burned. The aggregate loss on the two buildings is about $3,000 partially insured. A large building on the street, occupied as a white lead factory was on fire several times, but the flames were speedily extinguished by the firemen before they could gain any headway.

About 12 o'clock the wall fell in, and the firemen, with the aid of some workmen, went to work removing the rubbish. They, however, were unable to do any good, owing to the heated brick, and further work was dispensed with until this morning.

Explosion of a Brooklyn Hat Factory.

FROM TEN TO FIFTEEN WORKMEN BURIED IN THE RUINS.

NEW YORK, FEB. 3.—The boiler in the hat factory of Messrs. Ames & Molten, in Brooklyn, exploded this morning, demolishing the building, and burying from 10 to 15 of the workmen in the ruins.

The killed are Mr. Eastman, the engineer; Joseph McCracken, foreman; John Werner and Theodore Higbee, employes, and a person who has not been identified.

John Farrall is badly injured and not expected to recover.

Six or seven persons, who were in the front part of the building, were slightly injured, and a girl, named Harriet Costigan, was badly injured by the falling timbers.

The loss on the property amounted to $22,000, on which there is an insurance of $20,000.

From the Pikes Peak Mines.

LEAVENWORTH, K. T., Feb. 3.—The Overland Express, with Denver City dates to the 26th ult., and $3,000 in gold dust, arrived here at noon. It was the prevailing opinion that the mines would yield from one to two millions worth of gold after the opening of spring. The yield last season was about two millions (?)

The weather continued pleasant at the mines until the day before the Express left, when the snow fell to the depth of a foot along the Platte river.

A long train, laden with flour, had arrived at Denver City.

Accounts from Arapahoe represent the miners as still employed there. Only one death had occurred since the departure of the previous express. Flour was quoted at $16 per 100 lbs.

BRUTALITY.—The Mahoning (Ohio) "Sentinel says: A young man named P. B. Baldwin school teacher in the German district of Boardman township, was brought before Justice Hency, on Thursday last, charged with willfully and brutally beating a young woman of some eighteen summers, without just cause or reason. From the testimony elicted in the case, we learn the circumstances to be as follows: On Friday, the 14th inst., the young lady, some time during school hours, desired of the teacher leave of absence for a short time, averring it extremely necessary that she should go home at that time. The teacher demanded an excuse, which the young lady refused to give, further than that it was absolutely necessary. The teacher refused, and the young lady, knowing her own business probably better than the wise teacher, went home without his consent. During the course of the day she returned, and upon entering the school room was immediately accosted by the teacher for an excuse of absence which she as before refused; whereupon the teacher drew forth a heavy gad, (we say gad, because it so much resembled an ox-gad in dimensions, and form that we cannot properly apply to it any other name,) and at once fell to work and beat her until the gad was broken to pieces: and, not being satisfied with this, struck her once or twice in the face with his fist or his open hand. The teacher was held to answer at Court.

A WARNING TO YOUNG MEN.—In nearly all the large towns and cities, young men form themselves into clubs, of various kinds, to enable them to pass away the hours of the long winter evenings socially and pleasantly. They are, many of them, among strangers, far away from the home circle, and the pleasant associations which gather around the hearthstone of their childhood, and they find it difficult to get into society. Their time, after the business hours of the day are past, drags heavily, and they are ready to take up with almost anything that offers itself in the shape of amusement or recreation. A club of jolly good fellows has many attractions under these circumstances.—Whilst we would not do anything to curtail the real enjoyments of the young, especially under such circumstances as we have detailed above, we would warn them against those which are injurious to either soul or body.

An old merchant related in our hearing, a few evenings since, his own experience and observation in regard to this matter. When he left home to go into business in the city, he felt lonely in the evenings, and longed for companionship. He was diffident, and had no influential friends to take him by the hand and introduce him into society. A friend invited him to join a social club. They spent their time in song and jest, eating and drinking and general jollity. He kept a list of all who belonged to the club during his connection with it, and has traced their histories since. Of forty-nine, but three now remain, enjoying a green old age. Most of the others went to early graves the victims of intemperance. Very few of them were ever successful in business, though some of them were young men of fine business capacity. Our venerable friend thinks the seeds of their ruin were sown in the club-room. He said, with great emphasis, had I an iron voice which I could ring through our whole country I would say to every young man, beware of the club-room, and especially the room of a drinking club. Many a young man is ruined there before he is aware of his danger.—PRESBYTERIAN HERALD.

LAST Saturday the graining mill of the Orange Powder Works of Rand & Smith, situated about three miles from Newburg, N. Y., exploded, destroying the building, and killing Simmerman, who was at the time in front of the mill, with a wheelbarrow of powder.—The body of the unfortunate man was thrown a great distance from the mill, where it was found entirely lifeless. The walls of the building were entirely demolished, and timbers and machinery were thrown hundred, of feet. The windows of the dwelling houses in the vicinity were broken by the concussion. The quantity of powder destroyed was equal to forty kegs.

THE *Picayune* says a deputation of Kansas Indians, twelve in number, all chiefs, lately arrived at New Orleans and presented themselves before Mayor Smith, and claimed the hospitality of the city. They said they had come down on a pleasure trip to see the sights of this great place, and as they had heard he would provide quarters for them during the month. Questioned as to what they would need, they said they would be satisfied with a house to sleep in, with sufficient meat and daily bread, and some whiskey of course.

FEMALE FIREMEN.—At a late fire in Leavenworth, Kansas; says the Times of that city, a large number of ladies turned out to the assistance of the firemen. So well did they work that the flames were finally subdued, preventing a large and disastrous conflagration. The people of Leavenworth are loud in their praises of the intrepidity, perseverance and skill of the ladies, and think that on future occasions, should such unhappily, occur, they can rely upon this new "fire brigade."

A PRESENT.—A carving knife and fork are to be presented to the President of the United States from the manufacturer, Mr. Samuel Bullen, a blacksmith, and citizen of the State of Maine. The handles are made of the horns of a buck, shot by Mr. Bullen, and in such a manner as to make the trunks of the antlers answer for the hafts, the shield of the fork consisting of one of the small branches of the antler. Each piece is about twenty inches in length, and the blade of the knife about an inch and a half wide.

A SMALL POX INCIDENT.—An eminent physician of New York got on board one of the city railroad cars a few days since. In a moment he said—"Ladies and gentlemen, there is a malignant case of small pox on board this car—I smell it." In a moment the car was stopped, and the passengers fled, all but one, and she a woman closely veiled. The doctor asked her to lift her veil. She did, and he beheld a most dreadful case of that foul and dangerous disorder. She said she was on her way to the hospital—her attendant was on the outside.

A RICH LOUISIANA PLANTER.—A sugar plantation was purchased in St. James' Parish, Louisiana, a few days ago by Mr. Burnside, a dry goods merchant of New Orleans for $100,000. This says the New Orleans *Delta*, is considered a splendid investment, as there are some seven or eight thousand acres in the tract, and under good management it ought to produce two thousand hogsheads of sugar. This purchase will swell the investment of Mr. Burnside, in sugar culture, to nearly two millions. His slaves now exceed one thousand. Three years ago Mr. B. purchased the magnificent Houmas estate, with some five hundred slaves, from Col. John Preston, the cost of which, with additions of slaves and lands, exceeded a million of dollars.

FAST WORK.—Mr. Thomas Rambor, of Reading, Pa., made in one day last week, of 9½ hour's work, 225 horse shoes, of which number 27 were forged in the first hour. This is fast work, and hard to beat, but it was in a manner equalled by Mr. Benjamin Gehris, blacksmith, who turned out 245 horse-shoe nails in one hour. Messrs. Rambor and Gehris are decidedly a fast team in the blacksmith line.

THE peach crop, for the coming year is most likely to be an entire failure. The buds, so far as we learn from the papers and private sources, have been generally killed by the extreme cold. The extensive peach orchard of our friend and excellent farmer, Mr. George Longstreth, four miles east of town, and which had such an abundant peach harvest last year, will, as he informs us, bear none this year. The buds are mostly, if not all, killed, and he fears in some cases, his trees also are dead. Let our readers, who were so fortunate as to get peaches last year, be economical in their use for the present year. We trust the apples, which are the main fruit crop, will be safe.—*Lebanon (O) Star.*

AN INVENTION.—A Yankee in Utah has invented and set in operation an artificial lady, in full dress, propelled by a small boy and advertises to sweep the sidewalks and crossings for a certain annual salary. The lady is crinolined according to the width of the sidewalk, the crinoline being so rigged that it can be widened or narrowed at pleasure.

A DUE REGARD FOR SAFETY.—It is stated that when the twelve hundred clerks employed in the Bank of England leave the building in the evening, a detachment of troops march in to guard it during the night, although burglars could not penetrate the solid vaults in six weeks.

THE amount of gold produced from the mines of California for a period of ten years—from the year 1848 to 1858—was $448,000,000; while during the six years—from 1852 to 1858—Australia has produced $410,922,000; making together, a total of $858,622,000.

CONSPIRATOR ARRESTED.—During the trial of Stevens at Charlestown, Va., on Thursday, Mr. Hunter, counsel for the Commonwealth, received a letter from Governor Litcher informing him that the brother of Coppe had been arrested in Iowa.

A GERMAN astronomer, Mr. Shwabe, endeavors to show that certain furrowlike streaks observable upon the surface of the moon are ascribable to the existence of vgetation.—These streaks appear and disappar, he says, according to the season.

A FLOOD OF MILK.—The statistics of the Erie railroad show that some 5,35[illegible]839 gallons of milk were brought to New York city during the year 1859, by that route. The largest quantity in one month was in une, which shows a total of 657,012 gallons.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT.—Doubt at an end. Consumption.—Can consumption be cured? is a question that has long agitated the medical world—the answer is of vital importance to the community at large. The numerous cases of prevention resulting from the timely use of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, together with the actual cures of may in an advanced stage would seem to indice a positive reply to the above query. It is well known fact that the Ointment will arrest inflammation in its most rapid progress—so that if well rubbed into the chest and back it will penetrate to the very lungs and prevent the spading of the disease; while the Pills by their iti-septic action will restore the organs to a sind and healthy condition. Delays are dangous—a dry tickling cough is the first symptom of the disease.

MARRIED.

At the St. Clairsville Parsonage Jan. 29th, by Rev. N. E Gild, George J. Gnus, to Miss Elizabeth Walter, both of Union.

At the same place, the 2d inst by the same, Mr. George Cobbler to Miss Cathine Feather both of Bedford co.

DIED.

In Bedford, of scarlet fever, on the 1st inst., Maggie Filler, only daughter of John R. and Susan Jordan, aged 3 years, 3 months and 27 days.

"I take these little lambs, said Christ,
And lay them in my breast;
Protection they shall find in me,
In me be ever blest.

Death may the bands of life unloose
But can't dissolve my love,
Millions of infant souls compose
The family above."

"Wherefore then should I weep? Can I bring her back? I shall go to her, but she shall not return to me."

On the 4th inst., at the residence of her son in Cumberland Valley, Mrs. Hannah Brown, relict of Walter Brown, aged 75 years 9 months and 25 days.

Mrs. Brown was a native of Derbyshire, England; but with her companion sought a home in the New World, and became, for many years, a highly respectable citizen of Bedford county, where she always enjoyed the highest esteem of a large circle of acquaintanceship; her mild temper, amiable disposition and truly Christian deportment endeared her to all around her. Since the death of her husband, just four years ago, her strength has been gradually declining, and especially during the past six months has she been looking forward with fond anticipation to her happy deliverance from the flesh, and to her meeting with the Saviour, and with her dear husband and sainted daughter and grand-daughter who went before. She calmly slept away, breathing her last without even a struggle or moan to indicate the spirit's departure. She was a very consistent professor of religion and member of the Reformed church and departed in the triumph of a living faith in Christ.

PASTOR.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Saturday P. M., Feb. 4, 1860.

FLOUR.—The market continues extremely quiet, but there is no disposition to accede to lower quotations. The only transactions reported are in a small way for home consumption, at $5 50 and 5 69 per barrel for superfine; $5 75 and 6 for extras, and $6 12½ and 6 25 for extra family and fancy lots. Straight brands of Superfine are wanted at $5 62½. No sales of Rye Flour or Corn Meal. The former is held at $4 25, and the latter at $3 75 per barrel.

GRAIN.—The offering of Wheat continues small, but the supply is ample for the demand and prices are unchanged. Small sales of good red at 132 and 134, and white at 140 and 150 cents per bushel. Rye is wanted and sells on arrival at 92c. Corn is scarce and in demand. Sales of 1200 bushels yellow at 75c. Oats are in limited request; 2000 bushels prime Pennsylvania in store, and sold at 44½ and 45c per bushel.

BEDFORD MARKETS.

[illegible] at the following prices:

WHEAT FLOUR $5 50 to 6 00 per bbl.
BUCKWHEAT, $1 75 per hun.
CORN MEAL $1 50 per hun.
No call for Rye Flour at any price.
WHEAT from $1 10 to 1 20.
RYE 62½ to 68c.
CORN 60 to 70c.
BUCK WHEAT 50 to 62½c.
BARLEY 62½c.
OATS 31 to 33½c.
POTATOES 25 to 28c.
BUTTER 15c per lb.
EGGS 12½ per doz.

PUBLIC SALE
OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THE undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises on

SATURDAY 3d MARCH, NEXT,

the following described real estate, late the property of Andrew Rice, dec'd., to wit: A tract of land containing about 177 acres, 90 of which are cleared, with double log house, double log barn and other buildings thereon erected: also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of J. C. Morgan, Daniel Houck, John B. Hardinger, Frederick Rice's heirs and George Elliott in Cumberland Valley.

TERMS: One third 1st April 1860 and balance in two equal annual payments without interest.

SOLOMON RICE,
Executor.

Feb. 10, 1860.-4t.

ASHTOLA MILLS.
W. J. BAER & CO.,

HAVE constantly on hand at ASHTOLA, Paint township, Somerset co., Pa., all kinds of Ash, Cherry, Maple, Poplar and Spruce or Hemlock lumber, which they will sell at low prices, also, Fork, Shovel, Broom, and Hoe handles, Chair stuff of every description, together with Ballusters of any and every pattern, and also staves and heads for nail kegs, finished ready for putting together.

Bill stuff of any length and size such as Girders, Joists, Scantling &c., &c., promptly served to order.

Grain and Country produce bought at current market prices, or taken in exchange for lumber or merchandize.

W. J. BAER & CO.,
Ashtola, near Johnstown, Pa.

Feb. 10, 1860.-3m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Letters of administration have been issued to the subscriber, residing in Juniata Township, Bedford County, by the Register of said County, on the Estate of Daniel Wertz, late of said Township, dec'd. All persons indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims thereon will present them for settlement.

PETER KINSEY,
Administrator.

Feb. 10, 1860.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Mrs. Mary Ann Porter, late of Londonderry tp., dec'd., having been granted to the subscriber residing in said township, notice is therefore hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment immediately, and those having claims will present them forthwith properly authenticated for settlement.

THOS. J. PORTER,
Administrator.

Feb. 10, 1860.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR MERCHANTS.
THE BEST STAND IN BEDFORD.

THE store room now in the occupancy of John Alsip, Esq., is for rent from the 1st of April next, 1860. Apply to N. Lyon, Esq.

DIVIDEND.

THE President and Managers of the Chambersburg and Bedford Turnpike road company, have declared a dividend of [illegible] per cent, on the capital stock payable on or after Feb. 1st.

W. A. McDOWELL,
Treasurer.

Feb. 10, 1860.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

THEY ARE ENTIRELY VEGETABLE,

And free from Alcoholic Stimulant, and all injurious ingredients;

Are pleasant in taste and smell, mild in their operation, will expel all morbid secretions from the body, give bloom to the pallid cheek, and health and vigor to the frame.

They will cure DYSPEPSIA.
They will cure NERVOUS DEBILITY.
They will cure LIVER COMPLAINT.
They will cure JAUNDICE.
They will cure DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.
They will cure CONSTIPATION.
They will cure PILES.
They will cure HEARTBURN.
They will cure SWIMMING OF THE HEAD.
They will cure FLUTTERING OF THE HEART.

They are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON, 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold by druggists and storekeepers in every town and village in the United States, Canadas, West Indies, and South America, at 75 cents per bottle.

may 27,'59-1y.

FITS! WHY PROMINENT.

For a long time there was a paragraph making its regular weekly appearance in our columns with the brief, but emphatic words "Fits! Fits!" always at the head, to some an offensive caption, but not so to the benevolent and humane, who could sympathize in the sorrows of others. Some persons are shocked at any indication of disease, and are even thrown into nervous excitement on witnessing a hearse or a coffin. Such are to be pitied. We should always strive to look disease and even death in the face with calmness, and especially take every opportunity for alleviating disease. Viewed in this light, the advertisements of S. S. Hance, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md., possess a certain interest, and those who know of any one suffering from Epilepsy, Spasms, or Fits of any kind, should feel it a pleasure to cut out his advertisement, or in some other way send word to the afflicted of the great value of his remedies. They can be sent to any part of the country by mail. Price, $3 per box. Two, $5. Twelve, $24.

IT IS A common observation that there are more sufferers from debility among Americans, than can be found among any other civilized nation.—The reason is obvious. We take too little exercise, and forget the wants of the body in the absorbing pursuits of business. In all such cases, ordinary medicines can do little good. What is required is just such a tonic and invigorator as Dr. J. Hostetter has given to the world, in his Celebrated "Bitters." The weak and nervous denizen of the counting-house, the exhausted toiler upon the shop-board, and the prostrated student of the midnight lamp, have found a wonderful regenerator in the "Bitters," and prefer it to more pretentious, but less efficacious medicines. But it should not be forgotten that the agent which is so magical in its influence upon a frame which is so debilitated, is equally powerful in assisting nature to expel the most terrible forms of disease. Who will not give it a trial?

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

☞See advertisement.

MRS. VANDERBILT, NO. 185 SUFFOLK ST., SAYS OF DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS:

☞Being unwell, and not knowing whether it proceeded from derangement of the liver, or merely hysterics, I was persuaded to purchase a box of Dr. Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills, prepared by Fleming Bros., Pittsburg, and before I had used them all was entirely relieved. I am now enjoying perfect health, and cheerfully recommend Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Liver Pills to all similarly afflicted.

New York, March 25, 1852.

☞Purchasers will be careful to ask for DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS manufactured by FLEMING BROS., of PITTSBURGH, PA. All other Liver Pills in comparison are worthless. Dr. M'Lane's genuine Liver Pills, can now be had at all respectable drug stores. None genuine without the signature of

Jan. 20, 1860.–1m. FLEMING BROS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in the tanning and mercantile business, under the name of S. Shuck & Co., has this day, January 14, 1860, been dissolved. All persons indebted to said firm are notified that their notes and accounts are in the hands of Samuel Shuck to whom payment must be made before the first day of March, prox., after that day all claims will be placed in the hands of the propes officers for settlement and collection.

GEORGE D. SHUCK,
JOSIAH D. SHUCK,
SAMUEL SHUCK,
WILLIAM W. SHUCK.

The undersigned having purchased the interest of George D. and Josiah D. Shuck, in the Tannery and Store, have formed a co-partnership and will carry on the same under the name of S. and W. W. Shuck The friends and customers of the old firm are invited to give them a call as they are determined to keep a first-rate and well assorted stock of goods and leather, which they will sell at the lowest prices. Produce and tan-bark taken in exchange for goods or leather.

SAMUEL SHUCK,
WILLIAM W. SHUCK.

The business of making and repairing coaches &c., will be carried on as heretofore by the subscribers at their old stand, under the name of George D. Shuck & Co.

GEORGE D. SHUCK,
JOSIAH D. SHUCK.

Feb. 3, 1860.

STATEMENT

Of the Finances of the Bedford and Stoystown turnpike road Company, for the year ending 2d January 1860.

Balance in the treasury at settlement 3d January 1859,	$824, 58½
Amount of toll money received during the year,	1991,89½
	2,816,48

Expenditures during the year 1859.

By amount of counterfeit money defaced and burned,	$138,45
By Dividend made of half per cent 7th March 1859,	737,00
By salary paid four gate keepers,	470,00
By State and County taxes, Printing and other incidentals,	61,63½
By repairs on Road and Bridges,	875,20
By Managers' services and Treasurer's and Secretary's salary,	437,00
Balance in Treasury 2d January 1860,	97,20
	$2,816,48

PETER SCHELL,
Schellsburg, Feb. 3, 1860. Treasurer.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Southampton township, Bedford county, upon the estate of Robert Bennett, late of said township, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and all persons having claims against the same, are requested to present the same properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY BENNETT,
Jan. 27, 1860. Administrator.

McCULLEY & ORRICK,
SUCCESSORS TO SHRIVER & CO.,
FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AT THE OLD STAND OF SHRIVER & CO., NEAR THE R. R. DEPOT, CUMBERLAND, MD.

(Agents for the Adams Express Co.)

THE undersigned successors to the late firm of Shriver & Co., Forwarding and Commission Merchants, will continue the business under the name and style of McCULLEY & ORRICK, at the old stand, near the R. R. Depot, and take occasion to assure the friends and patrons of the old firm, that nothing shall be left undone on their part to merit, what they respectfully ask, a continuance of the patronage that has been for twelve years past extended to the late firm of Shriver & Co. They deem it scarcely necessary to add, that their facilities for forwarding goods, cannot be equalled in the city.

WM. R. McCULLEY,
JAMES C. ORRICK,

Cumberland, Md., Feb. 3, 1860.–6w.

LAST NOTICE.

The notes and accounts of the late firm of Taylor and Mowry, are in the hands of John P. Reed, Esq., for collection. This last notice is given to save parties interested, costs. In case of neglect to make settlement and payment, before the first day of April, next, suits will be instituted without regard to persons. It is much desired to save parties costs, but this notice must be complied with.

TAYLOR & MOWRY.

Feb. 3d, 1860.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Letters testamentay having been granted to the subscribers, on the estate of George Geller, late of Londonderry township deceased, all persons indebted to said estate, are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ADAM GELLER,
of Juniata township,
J. MILLER,
of Londonderry "
Executors

Feb 3d

FOR SALE, OR TRADE,

A first-rate farm of limestone land, in Morrison's Cove, containing about 131 acres, 100 of which are cleared and balance well timbered. The farm is well watered. The improvements are a good two story Frame House, Log House, Barn, &c. There is a good orchard upon the premises. The farm adjoins Bloomfield Furnace, lies half a mile from the Hollidaysburg Turnpike, and four miles from Martinsburg. There is a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce, and the land is in a high state of cultivation. For particulars, inquire of David Daniel, in possession, or George Cleugh, at Spang's Mills.

—ALSO—

a Farm of 166 acres, about 100 cleared, with Double Log House, New Bank Barn, and two good orchards thereon, lying on the Juniata River, two miles from Stonerstown, and half a mile from the rail road. This farm is composed of a good quality of river bottom land, 30 or 40 acres of which can be put into good meadow. The whole is now in a good state of cultivation.

—ALSO—

A farm of 118 acres of limestone land in Liberty Township near Stonerstown, known as the "John Stoler property," adjoining lands of Squire Kensinger, Stoler and others. The improvements are a Log House, Log Barn &c. There is good water on the premises, also an orchard of good fruit.

—ALSO—

A Brick House (two story) and two lots of ground in Bedford.

—ALSO—

A new two-story Rough-cast House and two lots of ground in Broadtop city.

—ALSO—

160 acres of the best quality of land in Harrison county, Iowa, near the Missouri, and close to the county seat.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground in Omaha city, Nebraska.

—ALSO—

100 acres of land, in Southampton Township, Bedford county, lately owned by Wm. Lashley.

—ALSO—

A Lot of ground fronting on Main street, in the Borough of Bedford.

TERMS to suit buyers.

O. E. SHANNON,
Jan 27, 1860 Bedford, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE OF

BEDFORD FORGE

AND

Lemnos Iron Works.

THE UNDERSIGNED will dispose of, at Public Sale, at the house of James Beckwith, in the town of Hopewell, Bedford county, Pa., on Tuesday the 21st day of February, next, the valuable Iron Property, known as Bedford Forge and Lemnos Iron Works, situate in Hopewell Township, and within a short distance of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Rail Road.

The improvements at Bedford Forge, consist of a new Forge, (now in operation,) with sheet iron roof, Coal House, Saw Mill, a large number of Houses for hands, a fine Mansion House, a good Barn and Stables. The tract of land on which these improvements are erected contains about 237 acres, and is good arable land, having a considerable quantity of land cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. There is also, on this tract, a very extensive and valuable vein of fossil iron ore, and one bank opened. Attached to this property there is another Farm of valuable land, containing about 200 acres. Also, a large body of unsurpassed Timber Lands, containing about 7,000 acres, and veins of iron ore running through the whole of it.

The improvements at Lemnos, consist of a Charcoal Furnace, (now in blast,) Forge, Mansion House, Store House, Houses for hands, Stables, etc., etc.—The ore banks, one vein of hematite, and the other of fossil, belonging to this property, contain iron of the best quality, and of vast extent. The timber lands attached to this property, contain about 4,500 acres, of which 1,000 acres are good arable land, and can be converted into excellent farms.

The above lands will be sold together, or in parcels to suit purchasers.

☞Drafts, diagrams, and full description of the lands, will be furnished and exhibited to bidders on day of sale.

At the same time there will be sold all the personal property belonging to Lemnos Iron Works, consisting of a large quantity of Pig Metal, Mule teams, Horse teams, Wagons, Harness, Forge and Furnace tools, Store Goods, Household Furniture, &c., &c., &c.

☞The sale peremptory, and will commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., and will be continued from day to day till all is sold.

TERMS—To suit purchasers, and will be made known on day of sale. A liberal credit will be allowed.

JOHN CESSNA.

Jan. 27, 1860.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned as Executors of Echort Horn, late of Juniata Township, dec'd, will on Friday the 17th day of February, 1860, expose to sale on the premises,

One tract of land situate in said township of Juniata, containing about 137 acres, 80 acres of which are cleared, including four acres of meadow, and all in good state of cultivation.

The improvements are a two story log dwelling house, a double log barn, a spring house and other improvements, and also two apple orchards of good fruit, adjoining land of James Burns, Valentine Wertz, Gideon Hitchew, and others.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Terms one third of the purchase money on the 1st of April next, when possession will be delivered; one third (after payment of debts) to remain in the land for the use of the widow, and the remaining third to be paid in two equal annual payments without interest, the whole to be secured by Judgment Bonds.

DANIEL B. HORN,
JOHN A. BURNS,
Jan. 13, 1860. Executors.

DR. M'LANE'S

CELEBRATED

VERMIFUGE

AND

LIVER PILLS.

WE beg leave to call the attention of the Trade, and more especially the Physicians of the country, to two of the most popular remedies now before the public. We refer to

Dr. Chas. M'Lane's Celebrated

Vermifuge and Liver Pills.

We do not recommend them as universal Cure-alls, but simply for what their name purports, viz.:

THE VERMIFUGE,

For expelling Worms from the human system. It has also been administered with the most satisfactory results to various Animals subject to Worms.

THE LIVER PILLS,

For the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS, all BILIOUS DERANGEMENTS, SICK HEAD-ACHE, &c. In cases of

FEVER AND AGUE,

preparatory to or after taking Quinine, they almost invariably make a speedy and permanent cure.

As specifics for the above mentioned diseases, they are Unrivaled, and never known to fail when administered in accordance with the directions.

Their unprecedented popularity has induced the proprietors,

FLEMING BROTHERS,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

to dispose of their Drug business, in which they have been successfully engaged for the last Twenty Years, and they will now give their undivided time and attention to their manufacture. And being determined that Dr. M'Lane's Celebrated Vermifuge and Liver Pills shall continue to occupy the high position they now hold among the great remedies of the day, they will continue to spare neither time nor expense in procuring the Best and Purest material, and compound them in the most thorough manner. Address all orders to

FLEMING BROS. Pittsburgh, Pa.

P.S. Dealers and Physicians ordering from others than Fleming Bros., will do well to write their orders distinctly, and *take none but Dr. M'Lane's, prepared by Fleming Bros. Pittsburgh, Pa.* To those wishing to give them a trial, we will forward per mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, one box of Pills for twelve three-cent postage stamps, or one vial of Vermifuge for fourteen three-cent stamps. All orders from Canada must be accompanied by twenty cents extra.

For sale at the Drug Stores of Drs. Reamer & Harry, Bedford, and all other Druggists in the county May 20, 1859–1y.

HARPER'S FERRY ADMN:

TRAIN STOPPED ANOTHER TIME TO

unload Goods at

Ferguson & Hanspeaker's.

Just received another time and for sale cheaper than ever, a superior lot of Winter goods, including

Ledger Hats, 75 cts. and up.
De Laines, 10 cts and up.
Shawls, of all kinds, $1,00 and up.
Cassinetts, 37½ cts. and up.
Broad cloths, $1.50 and up.
Doe Skin Cassimeres, 75 cts. and up.
Marino, 18¾ cts. and up.
HOSIERY, including Gloves, Stockings, &c., of all kinds.
GROCERIES including
Coffee, 12½ and up.
Sugar, 8 and up.
Fine white crushed, 12½ and up.
Baking Molasses, 12½ per quart.
Best mould candles, 18 cts and a little of every thing else in the Grocery line.
Men's Department, including undershirts and Drawers, 50 cts. and up, also Caps, Hats, Comforts, Gum Over-shoes, Sandals and Buffalo Over-shoes,—Men's Double Soled Boots, for winter, at $1.75 and up.
In the Shoe Department, are included Ladies' Gentlemen's and Children's, all sorts, sizes, &c. Prices, as usual.
ALSO, Sleigh and Buggy whips, and Tobacco and Cigars of all kinds, from Gravely down.

DRUGS AND BOOKS!

E. C. REAMER,

Juliana Street, Bedford, Pa.

(*At the Stand formerly occupied by Dr. F. C. Reamer.*)

WHOLESALE and retail dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Window Glass, Glassware, &c. Just received, a large stock of American, French and English perfumery. Also, a great variety of fine Soaps for toilet use. Tooth pastes, Hair Tonics, Hair Dyes, that will color various shades, from a light brown to a jet black, Tooth, Nail, Hair, Shaving, and Clothes brushes, Combs, Pocket Knives, Pocket Books, Portmonnaies, Segar cases, &c.

—ALSO—

Have and will keep constantly on hand, a supply of Coal Oil, Burning fluid and Camphine, with a great variety of the most modern and best style of coal oil and fluid lamps.

Pure Wines and Brandies for medical use, Flavoring Extracts and Spices of all sorts, Fine Segars, Snuffs, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco.

Having the agency for all the principal patent medicines in use, will keep a full supply constantly on hand.

—ALSO—

Dealer in Books, &c., consisting of Geographical, Scientific, Religious, Poetical, Historical, Law, Medical, School and Miscellaneous Works, in connection with a great variety of plain and fancy Stationery, Cap, Note, Post, and Wrapping Paper, Blank Books, of every size and quality, Diaries, Blank Deeds, Mortgages, Notes and Receipts.

☞Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed, with regard both to price and quality.

☞Physicians' Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded at all hours of the day or night.

Dec. 16, 1859.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

S. E. Cor. 11th & Market Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.

H. W. KANAGA,
WM. McVEY,
} PROPRIETORS.

Feb. 3, 1860.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

To the Coroner, the Justies of the Peace, and Constables in the different Townships in the County of Bedford, Greeting.

KNOW YE that in pursuance of a precept to me directed, under the hand and seal of the Hon. **FRANCIS M. KIMMELL**, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Sixteenth District, consisting of the counties of Franklin, Bedford, Somerset and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail delivery for the trial of capital and other offenders therein and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace; and A. J. SNIVELY & JOHN TAYLOR, Esqs., Judges of the same Court, in the same County of Bedford, You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your proper persons with your Records, Recognizances, Examinations, and other remembrances before the Judges aforesaid, at Bedford, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden for the county of Bedford, aforesaid, on the 2d Monday of Feb. (being the 13th day,) at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of that day there and then to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

GIVEN under my hand at Bedford, on the 20 day of January, in the year of our Lord 1860.

WILLIAM S. FLUKE, *Sheriff.*

LIST OF CAUSES, put down for trial at February Term, 13th day, 1860.

O E Shannon	vs	John S Fletcher
James Patton	"	David Stoner et al
Thomas J Horton	"	A W Evans
James Patton	"	Jacob Longenecker
James Entrekin	"	D Washabaugh et al
Robert M Lemmno's use	"	C W Ricketson
Jacob Reighart Jr	"	John Burns et al
H W Smith	"	J M Vanhorn et al
Jacob Schnebly	"	David Stuckey et al
Ignatius Brand	"	David Stuckey et al
Richard Harwood et al	"	Henry Clapper
Samuel Barnhart	"	The Cham & Bed T R Co
Mary Barley's use	"	Simon Brumbaugh
Wm Manspeaker	"	Oster & Carn
Daniel Fore	"	J S Robison et al
George G Walker	"	Jacob Witt
Geo A Levitt &co's use	"	George Megraw

Prothy's Office, Bedford, Jan. 20, 1860. } S. H. TATE, Proth'y.

Register's Notice.

ALL PERSONS interested, are hereby notified, that the following named accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford county; and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court in and for said County, for confirmation, on Tuesday, the 14th day of February, next, at the Court House, in Bedford:

The Guardianship Account of Joseph Pitman, Guardian of John Miller, and of the minor children of Mary Miller, dec'd.

The Account of Alexander Shoemaker and Philip Harclerode, Executors of the last will, &c., of Geo. Shoemaker, late of Colerain Township, dec'd.

The account of John H. Rush, adm'r. C. T. A. of the Estate of Joan Oster, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd.

The account of Frederick Stiffler, acting executor of the last will, &c., of Abraham Burket, late of Union tp., dec'd.

The account of William Adams, Esq., Executor of the last will, &c., of Catherine Seigle, late of Southampton tp., dec'd.

The account of Lewis Anderson and Lemuel Evans, adm'rs. of the Estate of William Anderson, late of Broad Top tp., dec'd.

The account of Thomas McCoy, adm'r. of the Estate of Ann Feighter, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

The account of Daniel Stoler, Executor of the last will, &c., of David Stoler, late of Liberty township, dec'd.

The account of Henry P. Diehl and Samuel Diehl, adm'rs. of the Estate of Samuel Diehl, late of Colerain tp., dec'd.

The account of Enos Davis, adm'r. of the Estate of Azariah Davis, late of Napier township, deceased.

The account of Daniel Fletcher, Guardian of the minor children of Bernard Means, late of Monroe tp., dec'd.

The account of Benj. H. Walker, adm'r. of the Estate of Catherine Oldham, late of St. Clair tp., dec'd.

The account of Mahlon Smith, adm'r. of the Estate of James Smith, late of St. Clair township, deceased.

The account of Samuel Bossler and David Beyer, Executors of the last will, &c., of Emanuel Bossler, late of Middle Woodberry tp., dec'd.

Register's Office, Bedford, January 20, 1860. } S. H. TATE, Register.

NOTICE.

THE following named persons have filed their petitions in the Court of Quarter Sessions of Bedford county, for License to keep Public Inns or Taverns, and the same will be presented to said court on Monday, the 13th day of February next:

William Dibert,	West Providence Township.
Philip G. Morgart,	" " "
J. B. Castner,	Broad Top "
Fred. Berkheimer	St. Clair "
J. A. Snively,	Schellsburg.

Clerk's Office, Bedford, January 27, 1860. } S. H. TATE, Clerk.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the second and final account of Joseph B. Noble, Esq., Sequestrator of the Pattonsville & Woodberry Turnpike Road Company, has been filed in the Prothonotary's Office, of Bedford county, and that the same will be presented to the court of Common Pleas in and for said county, for confirmation, at the Court House, in Bedford, on Tuesday, the 14th day of Feb'y, next.

Prothy's Office, Bedford, January 20, 1860. } S. H. TATE, Proth'y.

NOTICE.

SAMUEL OSTER, adm'r. of the Estate of John C. Forney, late of South Woodberry tp., dec'd, having filed his account which was confirmed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, will make application for his discharge on the 13th day of February next.

SAMUEL OSTER.

Jan 27, 1860

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Napier tp., upon the Estate of Elizabeth Blackburn, late of said township, dec'd, all persons having claims against said Estate will present them duly authenticated for settlement and all indebted to said Estate will make payment without delay.

JAMES M. BLACKBURN,
Administrator.

Jan. 13, 1860.

To hunters & trappers

AND

THOSE WHO MAY HAVE FURS!

THE undersigned would respectfully announce that he will be in Bedford, on Monday and Tuesday of February Court, at the Bedford Hotel, when and where he will pay the highest cash price for all kinds of furs. $1.00 will be paid for full size prime Mink, and the highest price for deer-skins. If you have furs, be sure and send them if you can't bring them.

H. A. HARTZELL.

Jan 27, 1860

American Life Insurance & Trust Co.

CAPITAL Stock, $500,000.

COMPANY'S BUILDING, WALNUT STREET,

S. E. CORNER OF FOURTH, PHILADELPHIA.

LIFE insurance at the usual mutual rates, at about 20 per cent less, or at total abstinence rates, at the lowest in the world.

J. C. SIMS, Secretary. A. WHILLDIN, President.

JOHN J. SCHELL, Agent,
Jan. 27, 1860. Bedford, Pa.

HOSTETTER'S

STOMACH BITTERS.

It is a fact that, at some period, every member of the human family is subject to disease or disturbance of the bodily functions; but, with the aid of a good tonic and the exercise of plain common sense, they may be able so to regulate the system as to secure permanent health. In order to accomplish this desired object, the true course to pursue is certainly that which will produce a natural state of things at the least hazard of vital strength and life. For this purpose, Dr. Hostetter has introduced to this country a preparation bearing his name, which is not a new medicine, but one that has been tried for years, giving satisfaction to all who have used it. The Bitters operate powerfully upon the stomach, bowels, and liver, restoring them to a healthy and vigorous action, and thus, by the simple process of strengthening nature, enable the system to triumph over disease.

For the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nausea, Flatulency, Loss of Appetite, or any Bilious Complaints, arising from a morbid inaction of the Stomach or Bowels, producing Cramps, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, &c., these Bitters have no equal.

Diarrhœa, dysentery or flux, so generally contracted by new settlers, and caused principally by the change of water and diet, will be speedily regulated by a brief use of this preparation. Dyspepsia, a disease which is probably more prevalent, in all its various forms, than any other, and the cause of which may always be attributed to derangements of the digestive organs, can be cured without fail by using HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, as per directions on the bottle. For this disease every physician will recommend Bitters of some kind; then why not use an article known to be infallible? All nations have their Bitters, as a preventive of disease and strengthener of the system in general; and among them all there is not to be found a more healthy people than the Germans, from whom this preparation emanated, based upon scientific experiments which have tended to prove the value of this great preparation in the scale of medical science.

FEVER AND AGUE.—This trying and provoking disease, which fixes its relentless grasp on the body of man, reducing him to a mere shadow in a short time, and rendering him physically and mentally useless, can be driven from the body by the use of HOSTETTER'S RENOWNED BITTERS. Further, none of the above-stated diseases can be contracted, even in exposed situations, if the Bitters are used as per directions. And as they neither create nausea nor offend the palate, and render unnecessary any change of diet or interruption of ordinary pursuits, but promote sound sleep and healthy digestion, the complaint is removed as speedily as is consistent with the production of a thorough and permanent cure.

For Persons in Advanced Years, who are suffering from an enfeebled constitution and infirm body, these Bitters are invaluable as a restorative of strength and vigor, and need only be tried to be appreciated. And to a mother while nursing these Bitters are indispensable, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is needed to impart temporary strength and vigor to the system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy for all cases of debility, and, before so doing, should ask their physician, who, if he is acquainted with the virtue of the Bitters, will recommend their use in all cases of weakness.

CAUTION.—We caution the public against using any of the many imitations or counterfeits, but ask for HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS, and see that each bottle has the words "Dr. J. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters" blown on the side of the bottle, and stamped on the metallic cap covering the cork, and observe that our autograph signature is on the label.

☞Prepared and sold by HOSTETTER & SMITH, Pittsburgh, Pa., and sold by all druggists, grocers, and dealers generally throughout the United States, Canada, South America, and Germany.

Agents for Bedford County: B. F. Harry, F. C. Reamer, Bedford; John F. Lowry, Hopewell; E. B. Ramsy, Bloody Run; John Nycum, Fairview.

Oct. 14, 1859.

MANHOOD.

HOW LOST. HOW RESTORED.

Just Published, in a sealed Envelope,

On the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, Nervousness and Involuntary Emissions, Impotency and Mental and Physical Incapacity.

BY ROB. J. CULVERWELL, M. D.,

Author of "The Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of self-abuse may be effectually removed without Medicine and without dangerous Surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials; pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal to any address, post paid, on the receipt of two postage stamps, by addressing Dr. CH. J. C. KLINE, M. D., 480 first Avenue, New York Post Box 4586.

Jan. 20, 1860.

Hardware, Farm Implement,

AND

IRON STORE.

STOCK SELECTED WITH THE GREAT EST CARE AND sufficiently large to meet the wants of the people of Bedford co. Every exertion made to please, both in goods and prices.

FOR CASH, all goods in my line sold as low as they can be got in Cumberland or Hollidaysburg, and many things cheaper. CASH buyers favored particularly. Six month buyers not quite so well liked, but if prompt in payment, will find their bills O. K., to their entire satisfaction. As my priced are fixed for the two classes of customers names above, I have no prices to suit that class, whether rich or poor, who contract debts for their executors to pay, or the limitation to liquidate. So that those whose credit is not very good and who are slow in paying debts, or *get mad* when dunned, will please buy for CASH, or produce, or not at all—as I have lost enough and am tired dunning such customers.

Bedford, Pa., Oct. 21, 1859.

WM. HARTLEY.

Iron City College

CHEAPEST! BEST!! LARGEST!!!

$35.00

Pays for Tuition in Single and Double Entry Book Keeping, Commercial Arithmetic and Lectures.

BOARD 8 WEEKS $20. STATIONARY $7.

ENTIRE EXPENSES $62.

Usual time from 6 to 10 weeks. Every Student, upon graduating, is guaranteed competent to manage the books of any business, and qualified to earn a salary of from

$500 to $1000

Students enter at any time—No Vacation—Review at pleasure.

First Premiums for Best Business Writing for 1856, received at Pittsburg, Philadelphia and Ohio State Fairs. Also, at the principal Fairs of the Union for the past four years.

☞Ministers' Sons received at half price.

For Circulars, Specimens and Embellished Views of the College, inclose five letter stamps to

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburg, Pa.

Jan 13, 1860.

HEALTH AND ITS PLEASURES,

OR

DISEASE WITH ITS AGONIES:

CHOOSE BETWEEN THEM!

Holloway's Pills.

Nervous Disorders

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? There is one:—drink but little wine, beer, or spirits, or far better none; take no coffee—weak tea being preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, avoiding the use of slops; and if these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind and strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous and suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, they never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Sick Headaches and Want of Appetite.

These feelings which so sadden us, most frequently arise from annoyances or trouble, from obstructed perspiration, or from eating and drinking what is unfit for us, thus disordering the liver and stomach. These organs must be regulated if you wish to be well. The Pills, if taken according to the printed instructions, will quickly restore a healthy action to both liver and stomach, whence follows as a natural consequence, a good appetite and a clear head. In the East and West Indies scarcely any other medicine is ever used for these disorders.

Disorders of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water; or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the regions of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief when all other means have failed.

For Stomachs Out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasms—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of the liver and Stomach.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases.

Ague,	Inflammation,
Asthma	Jaundice,
Bilious Complaints,	Liver Complaints,
Blotches on the Skin	Lumbago,
Bowel Complaints,	Piles,
Colics,	Rheumatism,
Constipation of the Bowels,	Retention of Urine,
Consumption,	Scrofula or King's Evil,
Debility,	Sore Throats,
Dropsy,	Stone and Gravel,
Dysentery,	Secondary Symptoms,
Erysipelas,	Tic-Douloureux,
Female Irregularities,	Tumours,
Fevers of all kinds,	Ulcers,
Fits,	Venereal Affections,
Gout,	Worms of all kinds,
Head-ache,	Weakness from whatever cause.
Indigestion,	

☞CAUTION!—None genuine unless the words "HOLLOWAY, NEW YORK AND LONDON," are discernible as a *Water-mark* in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by holding the leaf to the light. A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*,*Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicine, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cts and $1 each.

☞There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

Nov. 18, 1859.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS,

AND

DR. HOOFLAND'S BALSAMIC CORDIAL,

The great standard medicines of the present age, have acquired their great popularity only through years of trial. Unbounded satisfaction is rendered by them in all cases; and the people have pronounced them worthy.

Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Jaundice, Debility of the Nervous System, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered liver or weakness of the stomach and digestive organs, are speedily and permanently cured by the GERMAN BITTERS.

The **Balsamic Cordial** *has acquired a reputation surpassing that of any similar preparation extant. It will cure,* WITHOUT FAIL, *the most severe and long-standing*

Cough, Cold, or Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Influenza, Croup, Pneumonia, Incipient Consumption,

and has performed the most astonishing cures ever known of

Confirmed Consumption.

A few doses will also at once check and cure the most severe Diarrhœa *proceeding from* COLD IN THE BOWELS.

These medicines are prepared by Dr. C. M. JACKSON & Co., No. 418 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and are sold by druggists and dealers in medicines everywhere, at 75 cents per bottle. The signature of C. M. JACKSON will be on the outside wrapper of each bottle.

In the Almanac published annually by the proprietors, called EVERYBODY'S ALMANAC, *you will find testimony and commendatory notices from all parts of the country. These Almanacs are given away by all our agents.*

For sale at the Drug Stores of Drs. Reamer & Harry, Bedford, and all other Druggists in the county May 20, 1859

A Boy Wanted,

In a clergyman's family, about fourteen years old, to remain two or three years, who will be schooled and provided for as a son—one who is accustomed to horses. A good honest boy will find a good situation. No other need apply. For further information, apply at this office.

Jan. 27, 1860.

Allegheny Male and Female Seminary,
RAINSBURG, Pa.

FACULTY.

J. OSBORNE, A. B., Principal, Prof. of Languages and Philosophy.
Wm. S. Smith, Prof. of Mathematics.
Jas. H. Miller, Adjunct Prof. of Mathematics.
Rev. B. F. Stevens, Lecturer on Moral Philosophy &c.
Wm. A. Stephens, Prof. of English Grammar &c.
Dr. J. Hughes, Lecturer on Anatomy &c.
Mrs. E. V. Osborne, Preceptress, Teacher of Drawing French, Botany &c.
B. F. Drott, Prof. of Instrumental Music.

Price of Tuition for term of 11 weeks.

Common English Branches	$3 25
Higher Branches, including common, each	80
Latin and Greek, each	2 00
German and French, each	2 50
Book-keeping and Commercial calculations	1 50
ORNAMENTAL.	
Drawing	2 50
Colored crayon, and water colors, each	3 00
Oil painting	5 00
Hair and wax flowers, each	3 00
Pellis work	3 00
Embroidery	1 50
Piano music, with use of instrument	10 00

Board $1 75 per week including room rent, fuel, furniture &c. This is one of the best, and cheapest institutions in the country. The whole expense per term need not be more than twenty-five dollars.—Second Quarter of summer session commences August 4, 1859.

Teachers will be instructed free of charge in the Normal Department.

For particulars, address the Principal.

E. J. OSBORNE, A. B.

Rainsburg, Bedford co., April 22, 1859.

BEDFORD CLASSICAL INSTITUTE.

REV. JOHN LYON,
T. LYTTLETON LYON, A. M., } PRINCIPALS.

THE Spring session of this Institution will open on Friday, the 17 day of February 1860.

It is the design of the Principals, to make this Academy, in all respects, a first class Institution, for the thorough instruction of youth of both sexes, and to prepare them for any profession or position in life.

The high moral and scientific tone of the school is well known to this community, and a strict discipline will be enforced.

A few boys, (the number is limited to ten,) will be received into the family of the Principals, as boarders.

The beauty of the scenery and the salubrity of the climate render Bedford a most desirable location for such a school.

Persons from abroad, visiting at the Springs, can be near their children during the summer.

It is desirable that pupils should enter at the commencement of the session, and no pupil will be received for less than one quarter.

TERMS. { $200 per year, including boarding, washing, fuel, light, and Tuition in all the branches.
Terms for day scholars:
Per Quarter. { $6.—English Branches.
$7.50, Classical do &c.

June 10,'59.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa., Vend. Exponas & Levari Facias, to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House, in the borough of Bedford, on Saturday, the 11th day of February, 1860, at o'clock, A. M., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

One tract of land containing 343 acres, more or less, about 115 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of William O'Neal, John Snider, and others, situate in Monroe tp., Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Jeremiah Morris.

—ALSO—

All Deft., William Nelson's, right, title and interest in and to one tract of land containing 440 acres, more or less, about 20 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half log house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq., John Schaffer and others, situate in Colerain tp., Bedford co., and taken in execution as the property of William Nelson.

—ALSO—

All the Defendant's interest in the following property, to wit: the whole of the road leading from Hopewell to Bloody Run and the appurtenance thereunto belonging, and taken in execution as the property of The Hopewell and Bloody Run Plank and Turnpike Road.

—ALSO—

All the Defendant's interest in and to a certain two story brick building, situate in or near the village of Rainsburg, Colerain tp., Bedford county, known as the Allegheny Male and Female Seminary containing forty feet in front and sixty feet back, and the lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant to said building, containing six acres, more or less, and taken in execution as the property of the Allegheny Male & Female Seminary.

—ALSO—

One lot of ground in the town of Stonerstown fronting 27½ feet on Main street and extending back about 220 feet to an alley, with a one story frame house and frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lots of Joseph Crissman and widow McCaffrey's heirs, situate in Liberty township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Francis Kirk.

—ALSO—

All Defendant's interest in and to a certain piece or parcel, of land situate in St. Clair township, Bedford County, on the waters of Bobb's creek, containing one hundred acres and allowance, &c., being part of a larger tract of land, surveyed on a warrant dated 7th July, 1762, granted to Col. Henry Boquet and conveyed by William and George Haldimand to George Mock, Deft.

—ALSO—

One tract of land containing 400 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house and double log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of Benjamin Mills, Joseph Mills and others, situate in Monroe Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of John Weimer.

—ALSO—

One lot of ground in the town of Schellsburg, fronting 66 feet on Vine Street and extending back about 160 feet to an alley, with a two story rough cast dwelling house, log wagon maker shop and two log stables thereon erected, adjoining lots of John Ott, on the East, and lot of David Miller on the West, situate in Napier township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Dull, Jr.

—ALSO—

One lot of ground in the town of Schellsburg, fronting 60 feet on Vine street, and extending back about 160 feet to an alley, with a two story rough cast and weather boarded house and log and frame stable thereon erected, adjoining lot of John Culp, on the East, and Market street on the West, situate in Napier Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of George Fisher.

—ALSO—

One tract of land containing 160 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house, and double log barn thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon, adjoining lands of Jeremiah Devore's heirs, Frederick Clitz and others, situate in Londonderry Township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Charles Johnson.

—ALSO—

One lot of ground in the town of Stonerstown, fronting 66 feet on Main Street and extending back about 240 feet to an alley, with a two story log dwelling house with back building attached and other out buildings thereon erected, adjoining front street on the North, and lot of Amos Evans on the South, situate in Liberty township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Isaac Kay.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford, Jan. 20th, 1860. } WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Bedford Foundry.

THE subscribers having purchased the Bedford Foundry of Messrs. Washabaugh and Barnon, would most respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford and adjoining counties that they are prepared to make and furnish all kinds of CASTINGS for

Grist and Saw-mills, Threshing Machines *Ploughs, Apple-mills, Cooking,* TEN PLATE, AND COAL STOVES, SLED AND Sleigh soles, wash kettles, of different sizes, wagon boxes of all sizes, farmers' bells, (a superior article), oven doors, and every thing usually made in a country Foundry.

Ploughs.— Woodcock, Seyler and HILL-SIDE PLOUGHS.—Also, a new PLUG PLOUGH, to which we call the especial attention of our farmers—a superior article to the old Plug Plough, with two kinds of points, shares and landsides to suit all ploughs in general use in this county. Turning and fitting of iron patterns made to order, and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice and at low prices. All our own work made of the very best material, and warranted to give satisfaction.

Farmers and others would do well to call and examine our work before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined to meet the immergencies of the times, we will

sell low for CASH, or country produce.

Pig and bar iron, horses and lumber, taken in exchange for work.

feb25,'59-1y SHIRES & JORDAN.

SPECIAL NOTICE,
FOR
FALL AND WINTER.
1859.
J. REED & Co.:

HAVE just received a large and carefully selected stock of

Fall & Winter Goods

which they are determined to sell low for cash or to prompt customers. They enumerate in part:

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, and Men's wear generally in great variety.

Dress Silks, Printed Merinoes, Saxony Plaids Muslin de laines, at exceedingly low figures.

SHAWLS of the newest and most elegant styles.

HOSIERY and GLOVES in great variety.

Domestic Goods, Prints Sheetings, Shirtings Canton Flannels, Blankets, Linseys, Tickings &c., &c., an extensive assortment.

Carpets, Rugs, Mats, &c. &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS

Hardware and Cutlery—Queensware and Glassware.

Choice Family Groceries, a large stock.

☞They wish it distinctly understood that. these goods will be sold *exceedingly cheap for cash or produce.*

Oct. 14, 1859.

Camilla Koontz, by her next friend, Alexander Ling vs. George Koontz	}	No 13, August Term, 1857, in the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County. Alias Subpœna on Libel for Divorce.

Notice is hereby given to the Defendant in the above case, that a Subpœna, and alias Subpœna on Libel for Divorce, have been issued, the last of said writs being returnable to Nov. Term, 21st day, A. D., 1859; and now by direction of the said court, the said Defendant is required to appear on or before the second Monday, 13th day of February, next, and answer to the complaint of the Plaintiff, as provided for by Act of Assembly.

Wm. S. FLUKE,
Dec. 30, 1859. Sheriff.

FAIR NOTICE!

ALL persons still having unsettled accounts on the Books of Oster, Manspeaker & Carn, are respectfully notified, that if they wish to save costs, their accounts must absolutely be settled by *cash* or *note*, before the 1st of January, 1860. After that date all unsettled accounts will be left for legal collectors without respect to persons. Those who have not got the cash can liquidate their accounts by note, and thus save themselves cost.

Dec. 2d, 1859.–2m.

A Word to the Wise.

IF YOU WANT TO GET YOUR MONEY BACK, BY GETTING MORE THAN ITS WORTH, GO TO THE CHEAP STORE OF

Oster & Carn.

THEY HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND

ATTRACTIVE STOCK

OF NEW AND CHEAP FALL AND

Winter Goods,

SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE, PURCHASED NOT ONLY TO SELL, BUT TO GIVE SATISFACTION TO THE BUYER.

THEY INVITE AN EXAMINATION OF THEIR STOCK AND PRICES, WHEN THEY WILL CONVINCE ALL THAT

THEY ARE REALLY SELLING CHEAP.

TERMS as heretofore; prompt settlement required by cash or note every January.

Bedford, Oct. 14, 1859.

THE MENGEL HOUSE.
Valentine Steckman, Proprietor.

☞Boarders taken by the day, week, month or year, on moderate terms.

May 9, 1856.

Notice to Creditors.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted by the Register of Bedford county, to the undersigned, upon the Estate of Thos. McCreary, dec'd, late of Napier tp., all persons indebted to said Estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOS. McCREARY,
HENRY TAYLOR.
Jan. 13, 1860. Executor.

Mary Etta Waltman by her next friend, John Eshleman, vs. George Waltman, Jr.	}	In the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford county. No. 21, Nov. T., 1859, Alias Subpœna on Libel for Divorce.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Defendant in the above case, that a Subpœna and Alias Subpœna on Libel for Divorce have been issued out of said court and returned, Def't not found, and now by direction of the said court the Def't. is required to appear on or before the 2d Monday, 13th day of February next, and answer to the complaint of the Pl'ff, as provided for by Act of Assembly.

WM. S. FLUKE,
Jan. 20, 1860. Sheriff.

DR. J. K. BERKEBILE,
St. Clairsville,
BEDFORD CO., PA.,

Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens that place and vicinity.

[jan 13, 1860]

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY
AND
Machine Shop!

THE subscribers are now prepared at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for Castings of every description for

GRIST AND SAW-MILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, APPLE MILLS, PLOUGHS and all things else in our line that may be needed in this or adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2, 4 or Horse Power, WARRANTED equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Wood Cock, Plug and Hillside Ploughs, WARRANTED to give satisfaction, or no sale. Points, shares and land sides to fit all Woodcock, or Seyler ploughs in the county.

Farmers' Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at the store of

Wm. Hartley, in Bedford,
Sonderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp.,
John Nycum & Son, " "

Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner and all work warranted. Call and examine our castings and work and judge for yourselves. Our agents sell at foundry prices.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.

UNION HOTEL,
BEDFORD, PA.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he still keeps the Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all friends and the travelling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.

June 3, 1859.

J. W. SCOTT.
(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scott.)
Gentlemen's Furnishing Store and
SHIRT MANUFACTORY,
No. 814 Chestnut Street,
(Nearly opposite the GIRARD HOUSE,)
PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. SCOTT, would respectfully call the attention of his former friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guarantied. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS.

October, 8, 1859–1y.

SAVE YOUR MONEY!

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the travelling public, that he has established a tri-weekly line of stages between Bedford and Latrobe. The route is that of the old Philadelphia Turnpike, leading from Philadelphia to Pittsburg, being one of the best coach roads in the Union.

Passengers will REACH trains of cars for Pittsburg as early as by going to Hollidaysburg or Johnstown. The fare to Pittsburg on this route is *Four Dollars and Twenty Cents* being

THREE DOLLARS CHEAPER

than on any other route from Bedford to that point Coaches leave the Washington Hotel, Bedford, every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 6½ o'clock, and the Depot at Latrobe every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning, after the arrival of the mail train from Pittsburg.

JOSEPH A. GARMAN.

July 1,'59.

GROCERY
AND
CONFECTIONARY.

THE undersigned has just received and keeps constantly on hand the following articles:—

Coffee, sugar, molasses, cheese, crackers, currants, prunes, raisins, figs, almonds, filberts, cocoa nuts, ground nuts, pecans, Eng. walnuts, cream nuts, candies in variety, oranges, lemons, tobacco and cigars, allspice and pepper, spices of all kinds, baking soda, cream of tartar, sulphur, brimstone, canister and keg powder, shot, caps and lead, grain and grass scythes, whetting tools, wash tubs and boards, indigo, extract logwood, copperas, alum and madder, oil, polish and Mason's blacking, sweeping, dusting stove, shoe and scrubbing, brushes, clothes, hair, tooth and flesh brushes, hat and infant brushes, hair oils and perfumery, purses and port monaies, pocket and memorandum books, bonnet and round gum combs, "gridding" and fine combs, bracelets and beads, pens, pen-holders, penknives, scissors, knife-sharpeners, umbrellas, suspenders, spool cotton and floss, clocks, small looking glasses, violins, violin strings, toy watches, watch chains, curry combs, cards, horse brushes, shoe-thread, pegs and sparables, Johnson's Arabian Liniment, Rock and Little's White Oil, Merchant's celebrated Gargling Oil, for man or beast, and many other articles of a similar nature. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

A. L. DEFIBAUGH.

June 17,'59.–1y.

Permanent Office.

Complying with the urgent request of hundreds of their patients,

DRS. C. M. FITCH & J. W. SIKES,
Have concluded to remain
PERMANENTLY IN PITTSBURGH,
and may be consulted at their office,
NO. 191 PENN STREET,
Opposite St. Clair Hotel,

Daily, except Sundays for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all other Chronic Complaints, complicated with or causing pulmonary diseases, including Catarrh, Heart Disease, Affections of the Liver, Dyspepsia, Gastritis, Female Complains, &c. DRS. FITCH & SIKES, would state that their treatment of Consumption is based upon the fact that the disease exists in the blood and system at large, both before and during its development in the lungs, and they therefore employ Mechanical, Hygieme and Medecinal Inhalations, which they value highly, but only as Palliatives, (having no Curative effect when used alone,) and Invalids are earnestly cautioned against wasting the precious time of curability on any treatment based upon the plausible, but false idea that the "seat of the disease can be reached in a direct manner by Inhalation," for as before stated, the seat of the disease is in the blood and its effects only in the lungs.*

☞*NO CHARGE FOR CONSULTATION.*☜

A list of questions will be sent to those wishing to Consultus by letter. (april, 8,'59-1y

BEDFORD COUNTY MAP.

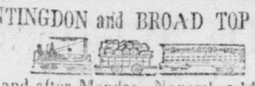
I WILL make a directory map of Bedford County from actual surveys, if a sufficient number of subscribers can be raised to justify me in the enterprise.

The map will be large and well finished and will show the location of all the public roads streams, boundary lines, towns, villages, Hotels, Churches, School Houses, Post Offices, stores, grist mills, saw mills &c., &c., and will contain the names of all the property holders, and show the busines that almost each one is engaged in. I will put on the same sheet maps of all the towns and large villages, also tables and statistics of the County and (if taken in time) the census of 1860. Pains will be taken to make it as reliable as any Map in the State.

EDW'D. L. WALKER.

July 1,'59.

HUNTINGDON and BROAD TOP R. R.



On and after Monday, November 14th, THE PASSENGER TRAIN, BETWEEN HUNTINGDON AND HOPEWELL, will leave, and arrive as follows:

Leave HUNTINGDON for HOPEWELL, at 7. 40 A. M.

Leave HOPEWELL for HUNTINGDON, at 10 20 A. M.

Connecting at HUNTINGDON with MAIL TRAIN EAST AT 1. 10 P. M., and arriving in PHILADELPHIA at 10. 25 P. M. The train from HUNTINGDON, at 7 40 A. M., connects with EXPRESS TRAIN WEST on PENN'A R. R.

J. J. LAWRENCE,
Huntingdon, Nov. 18,'59. Su'pt.

JOHN A. STEP'S
CHEAP PRODUCE STORE.

Opposite the "Washington Hotel," Bedford, Penn'a.

CASH and PRODUCE AND SMALL PROFITS."

"QUICK SALES

Dry Goods of every Description.

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
QUEENSWARE, BOOTS AND SHOES,
AND IN SHORT—EVERY THING ELSE WHICH IS USUALLY KEPT BY MERCHANTS, *AND WHICH HE WILL SELL "Cheaper than the Cheapest."*

OLIVER C. CLARK. SAM'L M. HALLER

O. C. CLARK & CO.,
Flour, Feed, Grocery and Produce Store.

Central Street, next door above Lutheran Church, Cumberland, Md.

A well selected stock is now open and offered to families and country dealers, consisting of *Family Extra, and Superfine Flour, Corn Meal, Corn and Rye Chopped, Shorts, Ship Stuff and Bran, New Orleans, Porto Rico, Muscavado and refined sugars, Golden and S. H. Molasses, Imperial, Young Hyson and Black Tea, Java and Rio Coffee of the best quality. All kinds of Spices. Pickles in barrels and jars, Candles, Soap, Mackerel and Herring, Water, Sugar, Soda, Edinburg & Ginger Crackers, Peaches, Strawberries, Pine Apple and Green Corn, put up in cans expressly for family use. A choice lot of* Liquors, consisting of Wines, Brandies, Rum and Whiskey, selected with care. Tobacco and Segars of various kinds. With a variety of other articles usually found in store.

Additions to the above stock will be frequently made so as to keep up a general assortment, and all dealers are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. All kinds of grain and country produce bought for cash, or in exchange for goods.

Cumberland, April 8, 1859.

FOUNDRY AND
Machine Shop.

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Aschom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best Eastern make. Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly. Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASCHOM.

Nov. 11, 1859

VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT
FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale, for account of whom it may concern, the Dwelling House and Store House attached, together with about two acres of land, situated in Cumberland Valley, Bedford County, on the Public Road, about 12 miles from Cumberland, lately occupied by Wm. Blair.

This property would suit a country merchant, physician, or mechanic, and it is believed such person might do well there. The neighborhood is a good one. If not sold by the first of January next, it will be sold at Public Sale. The title is indisputable. Apply to

Oct. 14, 1859. W. M. HALL.

D. Border,
Clock & Watch Maker
AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constautly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

April 27, 185[illegible]

Spectacles!

The subscriber has just received a splendid variety of Gold, Silver Mounted, and Steel Spectacles, with the finest Scotch Pebbles, superior in clearness, and designed to suit persons of all ages—warranted never to FAIL—to which he invites the attention of all who are in need of the article. He has also just received an elegant assortment of JEWELRY—all of which he will sell on reasonable terms.

DANIEL BORDER.

Bedford, May 22, 1857.

Bedford Hotel,
And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

MRS. S. E. POTTS

HAS just returned from the cities with a large and full assortment of

WINTER GOODS,

consisting of French Merino Valencias, Thibet Cloths, of all shades, all wool Delaine Robes, Silks of all styles, handsome Silk Robes, with double skirts, elegant Winter Cloaks, Velvet Bonnets, and an endless assortment of GAY SILK BONNETS, trimmed and untrimmed, ribbons and plumes, and French Flowers, with a general assortment of all kinds of goods.

Bedford, Nov. 4th, 1859.

New GOODS!

THE undersigned have just opened a large supply of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Our stock will be found very full and complete, including many kinds of goods that are entirely new. The assortment we now offer is superior in

EXTENT,
VARIETY,
AND CHEAPNESS,

and all who favor us with a call, may depend upon being suited in PRICE and QUALITY. We respectfully invite our friends and customers to learn "our prices" before purchasing elsewhere.

All kinds of COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange for goods. A credit will be extended to PROMPT PAYING BUYERS, and also to customers who will *cheerfully* settle their accounts every January by cash or note. These terms will be strictly adhered to.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Nov. 4, 1859.

CHEAP NEW GOODS
AT
J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO'S.
STORE, BEDFORD, PA.

HAVING just received the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever brought to Bedford, we are determined to sell out cheap and fast in proportion. We have LADIES' DRESS GOODS, of all descriptions, GLOVES, HOSIERY, FLANNELS, MEN AND BOYS' WEAR, CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, HATS and CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, Muslins Shirts and Drawers, Coats, Pants and VESTS, CARPETS, Single and Double, Cotton chain, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, SPICES, TOBACCO, and every thing usually kept in a country store, which we will sell cheap for cash, or produce, and to punctual six month customers. Thankful for past favors, we hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

J. M. SHOEMAKER & CO.

Oct. 21, 1859.

LAST NOTICE.

THE Store Books of Jacob Reed and those of Reed & Minnich, are getting old, and must now be closed. The subscriber is anxious to save all parties the expense of legal proceedings and, therefore, calls upon all indebted, or having accounts unsettled, to call at once and settle up. Suits will certainly be instituted against all neglecting this notice after the 1st of February, next.

JACOB REED.

Dec. 2d.

TO MILL OWNERS!

S. D. BROAD has made Schellsburg his permanent residence, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Mill Wright line, on the most approved and durable plans, and reasonable terms.

He has on hand the most improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Brushes, Anchor Bolting Cloths, both new and old, at city prices. Mill Burs can be procured from him and shipped to any point.

Also—Agent for McCormick's Reaper and Mower for Bedford and Blair Counties.

S. D. BROAD.

Schellsburg, Bedford Co., March 4, 1859.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully preprred to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

WANTED.

1000 BUSHELS of Wheat, 1000 bushels of rye, 1000 bushels of corn, 1000 bushels of oats and 1000 bushels of buckwheat, wanted by the undersigned, for which the highest market price will be paid.

JOHN NELSON.

Poor House Mill, Bedford, Pa., Oct. 14th, 1859—6m.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES,

Just Received for Sale, cheap, at Shoemaker's Store.

Dec. 23d, 1859.

JACOB REED, G. W. RUPP, J. J. SCHELL

REED, RUPP & SCHELL,
BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PENN'A.

DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.

Deposits solicited.

REFERENCES.

HON. JOB MANN,	Bedford,	Pa.
" JOHN CESSNA,	"	"
JOHN MOWER,	"	"
R. FORWARD,	Somerset,	"
BUNN, RAIGUEL & Co.,	Phil	"
J. WATT & Co.,	Pittsbur	"
J. W. CURLEY, & Co.,		

Commonwealth Insurance Company.
UNION BUILDINGS, THIRD STREET,
HARRISBURG, PA.
CHARTERED CAPITAL, $300,000.

Insure Buildings and other Property against loss or damage by Fire.

—ALSO—

AGAINST PERILS OF THE SEA, INLAND NAVIGATION & TRANSPORTATION.

DIRECTORS:

SIMON CAMERON,	GEO. M. LAUMAN,	WM. DOCK,
JAMES FOX,	GEO. BERGNER,	BENJ. PARKE,
WM. H. KEPNER,	A. B. WARFORD,	W. F. MCKEE,
F. K. BOAS,	J. H. BERRYHILL,	W. F. PACKER,
ELI SLIFER.		

OFFICERS:

SIMON CAMERON, President.
BENJAMIN PARKE, Vice-President.
S. S. CARRIER, Secretary.
J. W. LINGENFELTER, Agent,
Bedford, Pa. Office on Juliana Street.

Oct. 21, 1859.–1y.

Pennsylvania Insurance Company
OF PITTSBURGH,
OFFICE, NO 63 FOURTH STREET.
Capital And Surplus over $150,000. 00.

DIRECTORS.

JACOB PAINTER, C. A. COLTON, N. VOEGHTLY,
RODY PATTERSON, A. A. CARRIER, I. G. SPROUL,
HENRY SPROUL, A. J. JONES, G. W. SMITH,
WADE HAMPTON, ROB'T PATRICK, J. H. HOPKINS

This Compaay has paid losses from the date of its incorporation in 1854, up to May, 1859, to amount of $302,835, 07, in addition to regular semi-annual Dividends of from 5 to 15 per cent affording evidence of its stability and usefulness.

LOSSES LIBERALLY ADJUSTED & PROMPTLY PAID.

A. A. CARRIER, Pres't. I. G. SPROUL, Sec'y.
J. W. Lingenfelter, Agent. Office at Bedford Pa.
September 2, 1859.–1yr.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the *Gazette* Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

D. M. GANTHER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BEDFORD, PA.

WILL promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Pitt street, two doors east of the Gazette office. He will also attend to any surveying business that may be entrusted to him. Nov. 4, '59.

ATTENTION, MARKSMAN!

JOHN BORDER,
GUNSMITH, Bedford, Pa.

Shop at the east end of the town, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh.

All guns of my own manufacture warranted.

May 21,'58.–1y.

J. C. BICKEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

July 1, 1859.–1yr.

Samuel Ketterman,
COUNTY SURVEYOR.

WOULD hereby notifiy the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.

April 16, 1858.–tf.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.
JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN.
June 2, 1854. G. H. SPANG

J. W. LINGENFELTER,
Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor,

Will attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

WILL PRACTICE IN BEDFORD AND FULTON COUNTIES

☞Office one door West of the Union Hote

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius

June 24, 1853.

GREAT WESTERN INS. & TRUST CO.

Capital and available assets, over $300,000

Fire, Inland and Marine Cargo risks taken on the most favorable terms.

C. C. LATHROP, Pres't.
JAMES WRIGHT, Sec'y.
JOHN P. REED, Agent.